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TYNE & WEAR LABOUR FORCE 2000 November 2001

1. Introduction

- 1.1 This broadsheet presents estimates of the resident labour force in Tyne & Wear and its constituent districts at mid-2000 (Table 1). The labour force is the same thing as the 'economically active population'. This is the number of people in the labour market, or labour supply. The estimated residential labour force in each ward is shown in tables 7a to 7e.
- 1.2 The labour force estimates are based on the mid-2000 resident ward population estimates (Ref: PE01/2). The economic activity rates, which have been applied to the population figures, are based originally on the ward economic activity rates recorded in the 1991 Census. These Census rates have been updated to reflect the change in the county economic activity rates since the 1991 Census, as measured by the Labour Force Survey.
- 1.3 Labour force estimates by age band are shown for districts and the county (Tables 2-4). Economic activity rates are presented for both the '16 and over' and the 'working age' labour force at district, county and national levels (Tables 5 and 6).

2. Labour Force

2.1 In 2000 the estimated Tyne & Wear labour force, aged 16 and over, was 506,900. This represents a 1.6% increase on the 1991 figure. Men accounted for 55% of the total labour force (Table 1).

Table 1 : Estimated Labour Force (16 and over) 2000					
	Male	Female	Total		
Gateshead	51,300	42,200	93,500		
Newcastle	68,700	55,200	123,900		
North Tyneside	49,900	42,500	92,400		
South Tyneside	38,000	29,500	67,600		
Sunderland	72,200	57,400	129,600		
Tyne & Wear	280,100	226,800	506,900		
Source: Tyne & Wear Re	esearch and Inform	nation.			

	16-24	25-34	35-44	45-64	65+
Gateshead	7,300	13,800	13,600	16,000	400
Newcastle	14,100	13,900	19,500	20,300	700
North Tyneside	6,800	12,600	13,200	16,700	500
South Tyneside	5,800	9,100	10,500	12,200	300
Sunderland	14,100	16,100	19,600	21,700	600
Tyne & Wear	48,700	65,500	76,400	86,900	2,600

Source: Tyne & Wear Research and Information.

County figures are calculated using county activity rates and are not the sum of the district figures.

Table 3 : Estimated Labour Force By Age Band 2000, Female					
	16-24	25-34	35-44	45-59	60+
Gateshead	6,000	11,400	11,600	11,900	1,300
Newcastle	11,900	10,900	15,700	14,900	1,700
North Tyneside	5,500	11,000	12,200	12,400	1,300
South Tyneside	4,500	7,000	8,600	8,300	1,000
Sunderland	11,100	12,600	16,200	15,800	1,600
Tyne & Wear	39,500	52,800	64,300	63,400	6,900
Source: Tyne & Wea	r Research a	nd Informatio	n.		

County figures are calculated using county activity rates and are not the sum of the district figures.

	16-24	25-34	35-44	45-59/64	60/65+
Gateshead	13,300	25,200	25,200	27,900	1,700
Newcastle	26,000	24,800	35,200	35,200	2,400
North Tyneside	12,300	23,600	25,400	29,100	1,800
South Tyneside	10,300	16,100	19,100	20,500	1,300
Sunderland	25,200	28,700	35,800	37,500	2,200
Tyne & Wear	88,200	118,300	140,700	150,300	9,500

Table 4 : Estimated Labour Force By Age Band 2000, Total

County figures are calculated using county activity rates and are not the sum of the district figures.

3. Economic Activity Rates

- 3.1 The overall economic activity rates reflect both the age structure of the population and the proportion in each age group who participate in the labour market. People are classified as economically active if they are either employed or seeking employment. The four main groups of economically *inactive* are retired people, those looking after their home and family, people with long-term illness and full-time students.
- 3.2 Economic activity rates for the resident population *aged 16 and over* are shown in Table 5. The economic activity rates in each district in Tyne & Wear are lower than the equivalent United Kingdom rates. Of the districts in Tyne & Wear, Newcastle has the lowest male activity rate (64.2%) and North Tyneside the highest (67.1%). Newcastle's activity rates are depressed by its large student population. South Tyneside has the lowest female and total activity rates, 46.8% and 55.6% respectively. Gateshead has the highest female activity rate (51.4%). North Tyneside, has the highest total activity rate (58.7%).
- 3.3 Table 6 shows the estimated *working age* economic activity rates for Tyne & Wear districts, the county and the United Kingdom. Working age activity rates diverge more across districts than do the 16 and over rates. Male, female and total rates are highest in North Tyneside. Male and total rates are lowest in Newcastle. Sunderland has the lowest female rate.
- 3.4 At county-level, the female economic activity rate is higher than in 1991, more than off-setting a fall in male economic activity.

Table 5 : Economic Activity Rates - 16 And Over

	Male	Female	Total
Gateshead	66.2	51.4	58.6
Newcastle	64.2	49.3	56.5
North Tyneside	67.1	51.2	58.7
South Tyneside	65.1	46.8	55.6
Sunderland	65.0	48.2	56.3
Tyne & Wear	65.4	49.4	57.1
United Kingdom	71.7	55.4	63.4

Source: Labour Force Survey, Tyne & Wear Research and Information.

United Kingdom data is taken from the Labour Force Survey Summer 2000 quarter Seasonally adjusted.

Table 6 : Economic Activity Rates - Working Age¹

Gateshead Newcastle North Tyneside South Tyneside Sunderland	Male 79.7 75.1 81.6 79.6 77.3	Female 71.3 66.1 72.5 66.5 65.3	Total 75.7 70.9 77.2 73.4 71.5
Tyne & Wear	78.4	68.1	73.5
United Kingdom	84.4	73.1	79.0

Source: Labour Force Survey, Tyne & Wear Research and Information.

United Kingdom data is taken from the Labour Force Survey Summer 2000 quarte 1. Working Age is defined as 16-64 for males and 16-59 for females.

Table 7A Labour Force Estimates (mid-2000) : Gateshead.

Ward Name	Male	Female	Total
Bede	2,020	1,460	3,480
Bensham	1,590	1,170	2,760
Birtley	2,290	1,930	4,220
Blaydon	2,430	1,980	4,410
Chopwell and R. Gill	2,390	2,010	4,400
Chowdene	2,250	1,940	4,190
Crawcrook & Greenside	2,640	2,240	4,880
Deckham	2,020	1,620	3,640
Dunston	2,680	2,210	4,890
Felling	1,870	1,390	3,260
High Fell	1,850	1,530	3,380
Lamesley	2,050	1,620	3,670
Leam	2,570	2,100	4,670
Low Fell	2,640	2,290	4,930
Pelaw & Heworth	2,110	1,740	3,850
Ryton	2,490	2,110	4,600
Saltwell	2,260	1,850	4,110
Teams	2,290	1,790	4,080
Whickham North	2,700	2,290	4,990
Whickham South	3,290	2,920	6,210
Winlaton	2,060	1,720	3,780
Wrekendyke	2,780	2,280	5,060
Gateshead	51,300	42,200	93,500
Source: Tyne & Wear Research and	Information.		

Table 7B Labour Force Estimates (mid-2000) : Newcastle.

Ward Name	Male	Female	Total		
Benwell	1,960	1,500	3,460		
Blakelaw	3,360	2,700	6,060		
Byker	2,010	1,610	3,620		
Castle	3,490	2,960	6,450		
Dene	4,010	3,500	7,510		
Denton	2,580	2,190	4,770		
Elswick	1,750	1,260	3,010		
Fawdon	2,560	1,930	4,490		
Fenham	2,650	2,090	4,740		
Grange	2,890	2,500	5,390		
Heaton	3,110	2,610	5,720		
Jesmond	3,650	3,120	6,770		
Kenton	2,480	1,910	4,390		
Lemington	3,000	2,460	5,460		
Monkchester	1,990	1,310	3,300		
Moorside	2,270	1,750	4,020		
Newburn	2,460	2,000	4,460		
Sandyford	3,200	2,650	5,850		
Scotswood	1,500	1,080	2,580		
South Gosforth	2,900	2,400	5,300		
Walker	1,960	1,390	3,350		
Walkergate	2,760	2,230	4,990		
West City	1,830	1,180	3,010		
Westerhope	3,900	3,430	7,330		
Wingrove	2,370	1,970	4,340		
Woolsington	2,040	1,510	3,550		
Newcastle	68,700	55,200	123,900		
Source: Tyne & Wear Research and Information.					

Table 7C Labour Force Estimates (mid-2000) : North Tyneside.

Ward Name	Male	Female	Total
Battle Hill	3,420	2,960	6,380
Benton	2,040	1,850	3,890
Camperdown	2,650	2,210	4,860
Chirton	1,960	1,520	3,480
Collingwood	2,270	2,000	4,270
Cullercoats	2,360	1,930	4,290
Holystone	3,790	3,240	7,030
Howdon	1,890	1,460	3,350
Longbenton	1,480	1,130	2,610
Monkseaton	2,770	2,450	5,220
North Shields	2,920	2,600	5,520
Northumberland	3,270	2,870	6,140
Riverside	2,170	1,630	3,800
St. Mary's	2,610	2,240	4,850
Seatonville	2,480	2,150	4,630
Tynemouth	2,330	2,020	4,350
Valley	2,500	2,070	4,570
Wallsend	2,130	1,830	3,960
Weetslade	2,590	2,340	4,930
Whitley Bay	2,260	1,990	4,250
North Tyneside	49,900	42,500	92,400
Source: Tyne & Wear Research and I	nformation.		

Table 7D Labour Force Estimates (mid-2000) : South Tyneside.

Ward Name	Male	Female	Total		
All Saints	1,880	1,460	3,340		
Beacon & Bents	2,020	1,450	3,470		
Bede	1,650	1,130	2,780		
Biddick Hall	1,590	1,160	2,750		
Boldon Colliery	2,270	1,920	4,190		
Cleadon & E. Boldon	2,520	2,080	4,600		
Cleadon Park	1,720	1,230	2,950		
Fellgate & Hedworth	2,350	1,890	4,240		
Harton	1,490	1,100	2,590		
Hebburn Quay	2,110	1,700	3,810		
Hebburn South	1,390	1,110	2,500		
Horsley Hill	1,950	1,420	3,370		
Monkton	2,140	1,650	3,790		
Primrose	2,150	1,640	3,790		
Rekendyke	1,770	1,330	3,100		
Tyne Dock & Simonside	1,420	1,070	2,490		
Westoe	2,220	1,880	4,100		
West Park	1,880	1,520	3,400		
Whitburn & Marsden	1,710	1,370	3,080		
Whiteleas	1,830	1,410	3,240		
South Tyneside	38,000	29,500	67,600		
Source: Tyne & Wear Research and Information.					

Table 7E Labour Force Estimates (mid-2000) : Sunderland.

Ward Name	Male	Female	Total
Castletown	2,360	1,790	4,150
Central	3,080	2,220	5,300
Colliery	2,090	1,660	3,750
Eppleton	3,060	2,440	5,500
Fulwell	2,780	2,330	5,110
Grindon	2,160	1,560	3,720
Hendon	2,570	2,040	4,610
Hetton	2,650	2,160	4,810
Houghton	2,620	2,140	4,760
Pallion	2,730	2,120	4,850
Ryhope	3,340	2,840	6,180
St. Chad's	2,420	2,070	4,490
St. Michael's	2,830	2,460	5,290
St. Peter's	2,510	2,090	4,600
Shiney Row	3,590	2,720	6,310
Silksworth	3,180	2,670	5,850
South Hylton	2,330	1,630	3,960
Southwick	2,040	1,480	3,520
Thorney Close	2,370	1,740	4,110
Thornholme	2,570	1,940	4,510
Town End Farm	2,380	1,720	4,100
Washington East	4,280	3,500	7,780
Washington North	3,080	2,480	5,560
Washington South	5,570	4,640	10,210
Washington West	3,640	2,920	6,560
Sunderland	72,200	57,400	129,600
Source: Tyne & Wear Research and I	nformation.		