



A Profile of Victims of Crime Tyne & Wear, 2008/09

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KEY MESSAGES

In 2008/09 there were 60,000 (people) victims of crimes committed in Tyne & Wear. 93% of these victims also lived within Tyne & Wear.

Of victims where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear in 2008/09:

- Almost one quarter (24%) were subjected to crimes of a violent¹ nature.
- 29% were aged 18-29 years old.
- 54% were male, this compares to 49% of the total population of Tyne & Wear.
- 7% were from a Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) group, compared to 5.8% of the total population.
- 52% were in employment.

Of the 55,813 victims who had a home address within Tyne & Wear in 2008/09:

- Almost one quarter (23%) were subjected to crimes of a violent nature.
- 29% were aged 18-29 years old, whilst 53% were male.
- 8% were from a Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) group.

Of the 4,187 (7%) victims who had a home address outside of Tyne & Wear in 2008/09:

- Almost one third (31%) were subjected to crimes of a violent nature, whilst 19% were victims of Theft from Vehicles and 22% victims of Theft Other.
- 54% were aged 18-39 years, whilst 61% were male.
- 4% were from a Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) group.
- 68% were in employment.

During 2008/09 14,397 violent crimes were committed in Tyne & Wear:

- 81% were committed by a stranger.
- 92% of male victims compared to 70% of female victims were attacked by strangers.
- 27% of female violent crime victims were subjected to domestic violence.

During 2008/09 in Tyne & Wear there were on average:

- 1,200 victims of violent crime per month. April to June quarter saw the most victims of this type.
- 2,057 victims of violent crime per day of the week. Saturdays and Sundays saw the highest numbers.
- The number of victims of violent crime increased from early morning (6-7am) to a peak between 12am and 1am. The number of victims between 8pm and 1am accounted for 40% of all violent crime victims.
- Victims aged between 10 and 17 accounted for approximately 25% of all violent crime victims during 12-1pm and 3-4pm, coinciding with school lunch breaks and school children going home from school.
- Those victims of Violent Crime aged 18-24 years were more likely to be a victim between 10pm–3am, than any other age group.

During 2008/09:

- There were 80,358 items of stolen property recorded by Northumbria Police. The total value of property stolen (including that recovered) was £27,799,602.
- 12,341 (15%) stolen items were recovered. The total value of property recovered was £6,395,796.

In 2008/09 there were 27,929 business victims of crimes committed in Tyne & Wear. Almost one third (32%) of these crimes were against Northumbria Police. 39% of all business victims were of Theft Other. This category includes 'Theft from Shops and Stalls', which accounted for three quarters (8,009) of these business victims. During the same year, there were 18,105 business victims of crime in Tyne & Wear, where the business 'home' address was given as being in one of the five Tyne & Wear districts.

¹ Violent crime comprises Violence Against the Person (VAP), Sexual offences and Robbery. VAP covers the whole spectrum of assaults from pushing and shoving, with no physical harm, to murder.

This report aims to give an overview of the demographic profile of victims, identifying particular groups of people who experience disproportionate levels of crime. Where the crime was committed and the home address of the victim is analysed. The type of property stolen is also profiled, along with a brief profile on businesses that have been victims of crime. Temporal analysis has also been undertaken, as crime trends can be influenced by a range of factors that fluctuate according to time of the week or time of the year.

Data are provided for one year only, 2008/09, therefore care should be taken when drawing conclusions.

Population figures are mid-year estimates 2007 – Source: Population Estimates Unit, ONS: Crown Copyright 2008.

Ethnicity figures are experimental Population Estimates 2007 – Source: Office for National Statistics, Crown Copyright 2009.

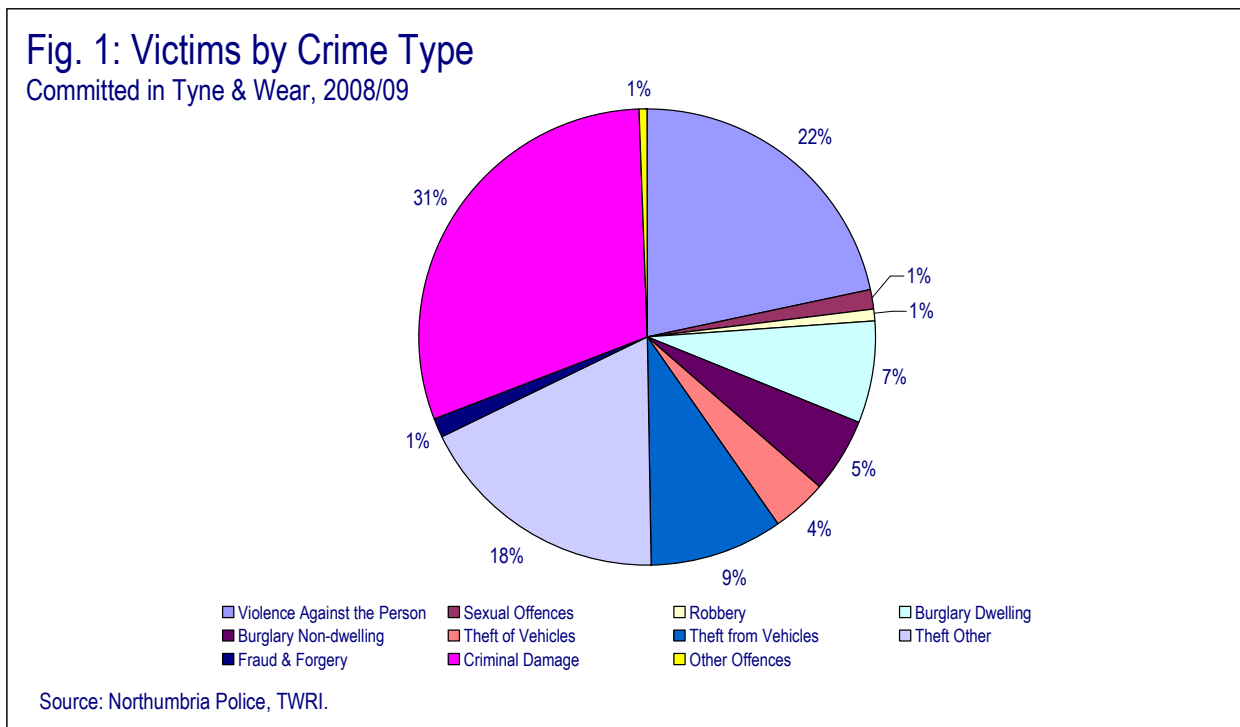
1. Demographic Profile of Victims of Crime – Where the Crime was Committed in Tyne & Wear

Data within section 1 refers to the characteristics of victims where the crime against them occurred within Tyne & Wear, independently of their home address.

1.1 Distribution of Different Types of Crime

In 2008/09 there were 60,000 victims of crime in Tyne & Wear, where the crime was committed in one of the five Tyne & Wear districts.

Almost one quarter (24%) of these victims were subjected to crimes of a violent² nature, whilst almost one third (31%) were victims of Criminal Damage (Fig. 1).



² Violent crime comprises Violence Against the Person (VAP), Sexual offences and Robbery. VAP covers the whole spectrum of assaults from pushing and shoving, with no physical harm, to murder.

1.2 Age of Victims

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 41% of victims of crime were aged 30-49 years, this compares to just 27% of the total (resident) population of Tyne & Wear.
- 10% of victims of crime were aged over 60 years old, compared to 22% of the resident population.
- 43% of victims of violent crime were aged under 25, this compares to 31% of the total resident population.
- Almost half (48%) of victims of Sexual Offences were aged under 18, compared to just 20% of the resident population.
- Two fifths (41%) of victims of Burglary Dwelling were aged between 30 and 49 years, compared to just over one quarter (27%) of the resident population.
- Half the victims of Burglary Non-dwelling were aged 30-49 years, compared to 27% of the resident population.

Table 1: Violent Crime and Burglary Victims, where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Violence against the person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary dwelling	Burglary Non-dwelling
Under 10	203	41	3	0	0
10 - 17	1,909	330	121	25	25
18 - 24	3,279	167	171	661	183
25 - 29	1,728	65	79	505	230
30 - 39	2,564	76	89	859	715
40 - 49	1,886	62	77	872	831
50 - 59	771	18	46	565	596
60+	277	11	46	719	552
Not Known	376	0	2	24	21
All Ages	12,993	770	634	4,230	3,153

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- Almost half (46%) of victims of Theft of Vehicles and Theft from Vehicles were between 30 and 49 years old. However, only 27% of the population were in this age group.
- The age of victims of Theft Other (which includes Theft from the Person and Theft of Pedal Cycle) was well distributed across the whole age spectrum, with the exception of those under 18 years old, where it was lower.
- Those aged 30 or over were more likely to be a victim of Fraud & Forgery, than those aged under 30 (15% of all victims).
- The age of victims of Criminal Damage was well distributed across the whole age spectrum, with the exception of those aged under 18 years old, where it was lower.

Table 2: Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery Victims, where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Theft of Vehicles	Theft from Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
Under 10	0	1	30	0	0
10 - 17	64	15	788	5	75
18 - 24	380	947	2,040	62	2,468
25 - 29	305	798	1,177	63	2,096
30 - 39	546	1,371	1,969	229	4,245
40 - 49	515	1,243	1,857	222	4,399
50 - 59	305	775	1,209	140	2,584
60+	186	492	1,701	121	2,162
Not Known	18	30	67	13	130
All Ages	2,319	5,672	10,838	855	18,159

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

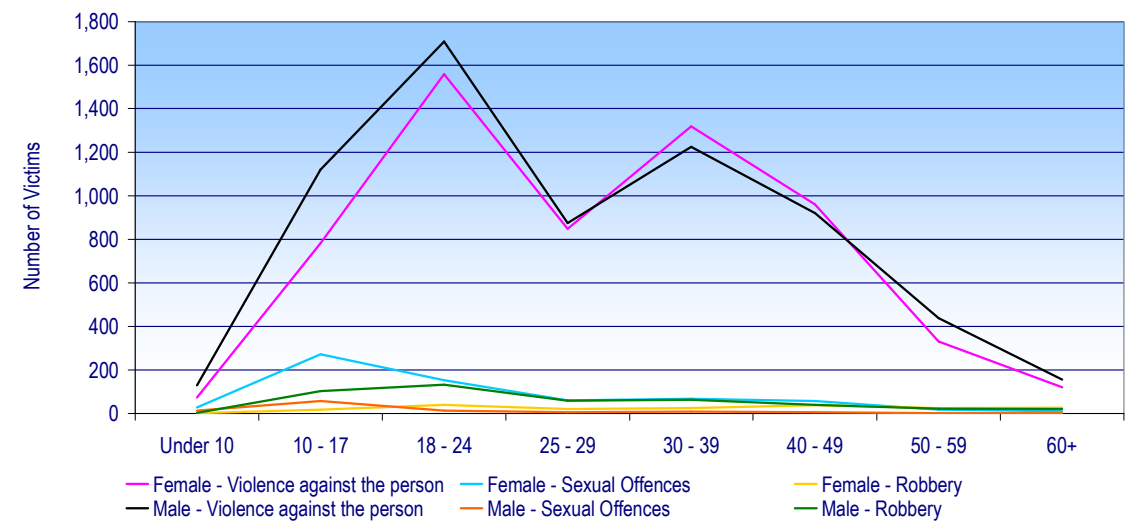
1.3 Age and Gender of Victims

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 54% of victims of crime were male, this compares to 49% of the total resident population of Tyne & Wear.
- 18-24 year olds accounted for the highest proportion (25%) of male victims of Violence Against the Person, of all the age groups.
- 18-24 year olds accounted for just over one quarter (26%) of female victims of Violence Against the Person.
- 86% of victims of Sexual Offences were female. 45% of these female victims were under 18 years old, this compares to just 19% of the total resident female population.
- 68% of male victims of Sexual Offences were under 18 years old. However, those aged under 18 in Tyne & Wear account for just 21% of the total male resident population.
- 69% of victims of Robbery were male. 54% of these male victims were under 25 years old.

Fig. 2: Victims of Violent Crime

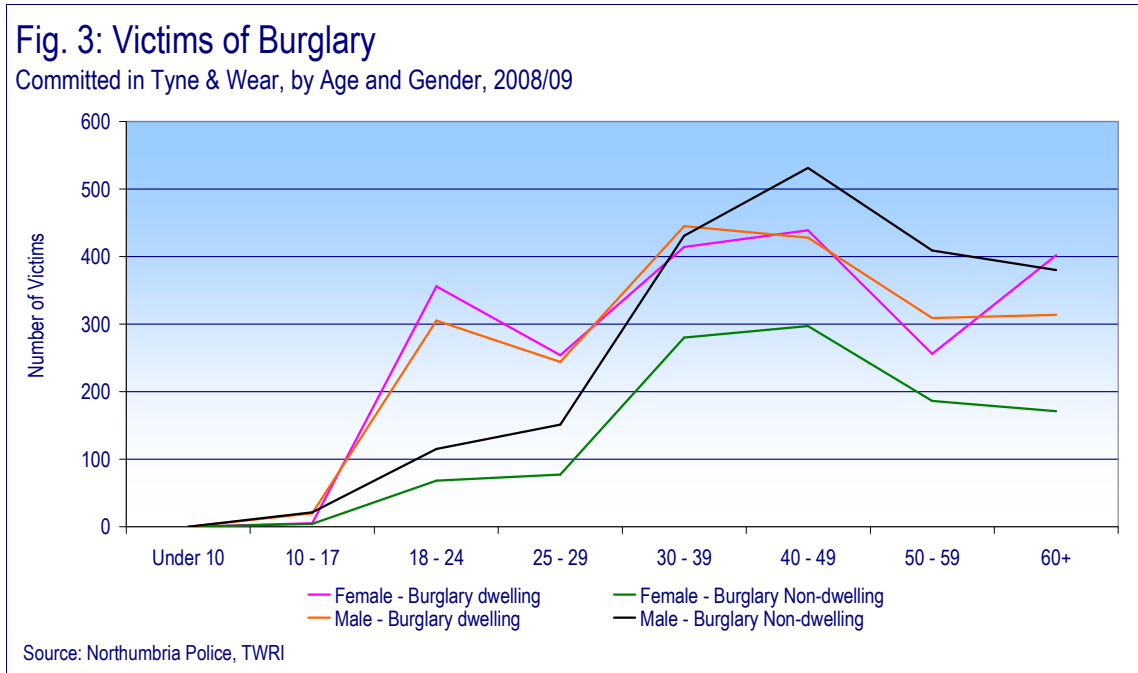
Committed in Tyne & Wear, by Age and Gender, 2008/09



Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

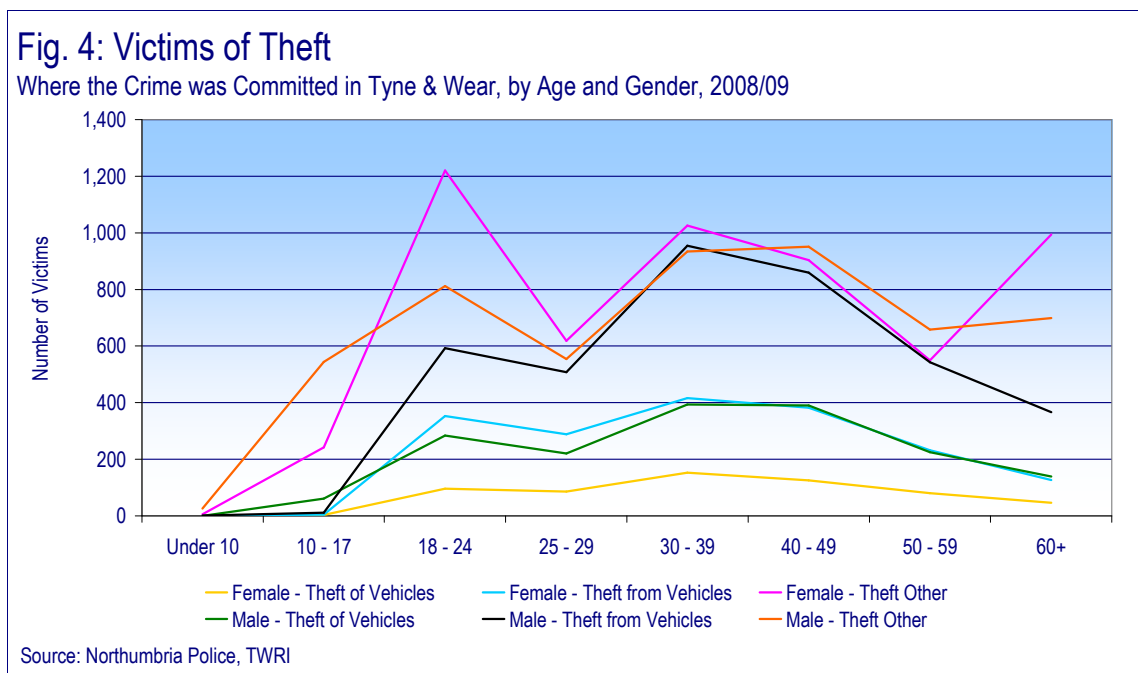
In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 51% of Burglary Dwelling victims were female. 19% of these victims were aged 60 or over.
- 65% of Burglary Non-dwelling victims were male. 19% of these victims were aged 60 or over.



In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- Three quarters of Theft of Vehicles and 68% of Theft from Vehicles victims of crime were male.
- Those aged 18-24 years accounted for over one fifth (22%) of female victims of Theft Other.

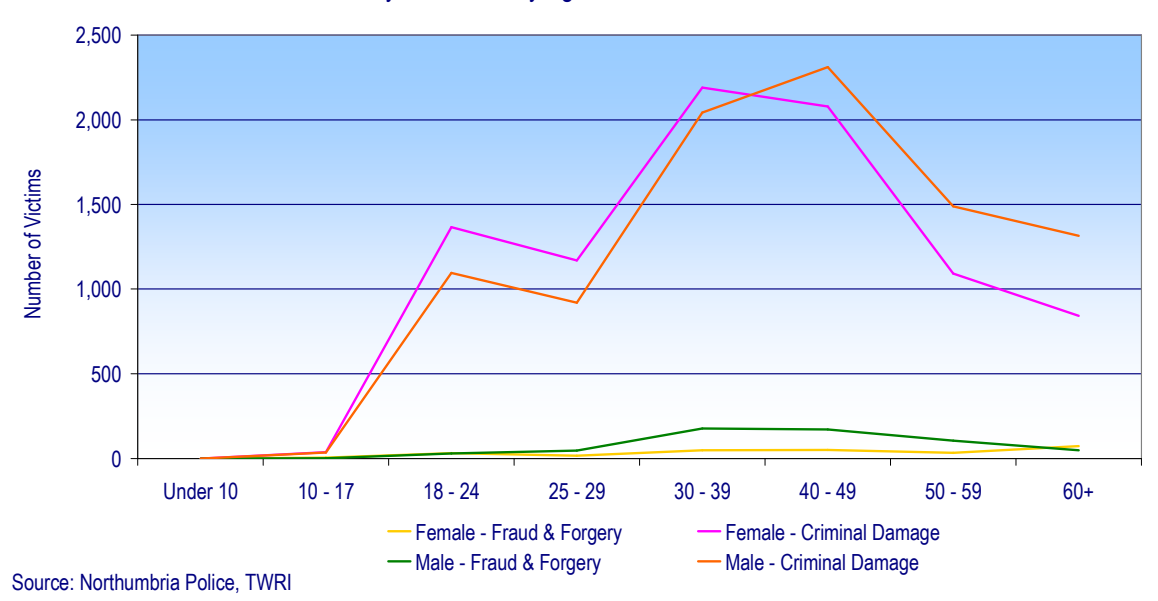


In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 68% of victims of Fraud & Forgery were male. 60% of these victims were aged between 30 and 49 years old.
- Females over 60 years old accounted for 28% of all female victims of Fraud & Forgery.

Fig. 5: Victims of Fraud & Forgery and Criminal Damage

Where the Crime was Committed in Tyne & Wear, by Age and Gender, 2008/09



1.4 Ethnicity of Victims

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 7% of victims of crime were from a Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) group, this is a higher proportion than that of the overall population, where 5.8% were from a BME group³.
- 10% of victims of Robbery were of Asian or Asian British ethnic origin, this compares to just 3.0% of the total population.
- Only 2% of victims of Sexual Offences were from a BME group, compared to 5.8% of the population.

Table 3: Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary, where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, by Ethnicity, 2008/09

Ethnic Origin	% of Population in Tyne & Wear	Violence Against The Person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary Dwelling	Burglary Non-Dwelling
Asian or Asian British	3.0	701	12	63	187	162
Black or Black British	0.8	204	2	8	68	17
Chinese / Other / Mixed	2.1	122	2	21	60	36
Unknown		221	3	5	28	32
White	94.2	11,745	751	537	3,887	2,906
All Ethnic Origins	100.1	12,993	770	634	4,230	3,153

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI, ONS Crown Copyright 2009.

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- Approximately 7% of victims of Theft from Vehicles, Theft Other and Criminal Damage were from a BME group.
- One fifth of victims of Fraud & Forgery were of Asian or Asian British ethnic origin, this is a higher proportion than that of the overall population, where 3.0% were from this group.

³ Ethnicity figures are experimental Population Estimates 2007 – Source: Office for National Statistics, Crown Copyright 2009.

Table 4: Victims of Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery, where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, by Ethnicity, 2008/09

Ethnic Origin	% of Population in Tyne & Wear	Theft					Criminal Damage
		Theft Of Vehicles	From Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery		
Asian or Asian British	3.0	95	302	492	168	944	
Black or Black British	0.8	19	54	109	3	167	
Chinese / Other / Mixed	2.1	15	61	112	13	169	
Unknown		5	32	102	30	158	
White	94.2	2,185	5,223	10,023	641	16,721	
All Ethnic Origins	100.1	2,319	5,672	10,838	855	18,159	

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI, ONS Crown Copyright 2009.

1.5 Occupation of Victims

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 40% of victims of Violence Against the Person were in employment. The occupations with the highest number of victims were: Police Officer (548), Sales/Shop Assistant (335), Manager (203) and Taxi Driver (150).
- 11% of victims of Violence Against the Person were school children and 8% students.
- 40% of victims of Sexual Offences were school children, whilst 21% were unemployed.
- 30% of Robbery victims were either a school child or a student.
- 15% of Burglary Dwelling victims were retired, whilst 7% were students.

Table 5: Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary, where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, by Occupation, 2008/09

Occupation	Violence			Burglary	
	Against The Person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary Dwelling	Non-Dwelling
School Child	1,490	312	88	5	12
Student	1,062	75	103	313	60
Looking after home/family	308	15	7	136	69
Disabled	30	0	2	16	11
Retired	240	10	36	614	423
Unemployed	3,971	161	113	960	282
In employment	5,081	149	262	2,037	2,170
Unknown	811	48	23	149	126
All Occupations	12,993	770	634	4,230	3,153

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 65% of Theft of Vehicles victims and 76% of Theft from Vehicle victims were in employment. Taxi Drivers were the occupation with the highest number (260) of victims of Theft from a Vehicle.
- 14% of Theft Other victims were retired, whilst 16% were either school children or students.
- Over half of Criminal Damage victims were in employment, whilst one quarter were classed as being unemployed. 0.4% of Criminal Damage victims were disabled, one of the crime types with the highest proportion of disabled victims.

Table 6: Victims of Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery, where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, by Occupation, 2008/09

Occupation	Theft Of Vehicles	Theft From Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
School Child	6	1	583	1	17
Student	130	395	1,186	24	597
Looking after home/family	40	71	279	11	560
Disabled	7	5	32	2	80
Retired	141	300	1,481	104	1,796
Unemployed	386	318	1,496	61	4,587
In employment	1,495	4,338	5,346	625	9,673
Unknown	114	244	435	27	849
All Occupations	2,319	5,672	10,838	855	18,159

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

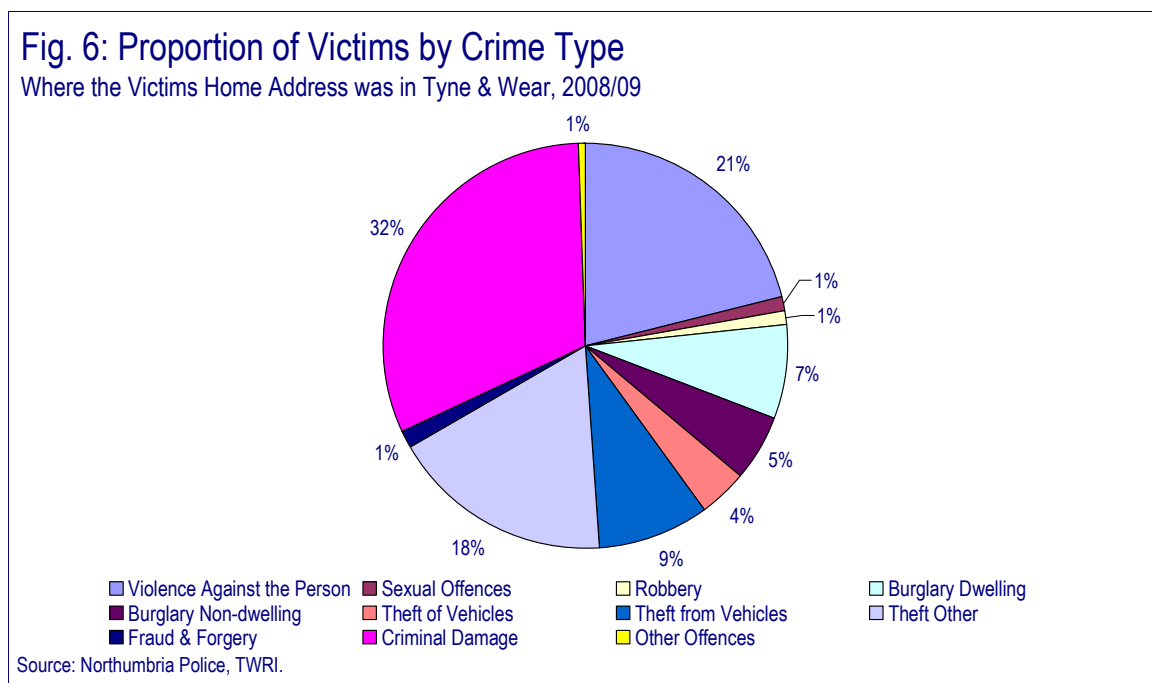
2. Demographic Profile of Victims of Crime – Where the Victims Live in Tyne & Wear

Data within section 2 refers to the characteristics of victims where the home address was given as being in one of the five Tyne & Wear districts. The crime will have been committed within Tyne & Wear.

2.1 Distribution of Different Types of Crime

In 2008/09 55,813 victims had a home address within one of the five Tyne & Wear districts. The crime will have been committed within Tyne & Wear.

Almost one quarter (23%) of these victims were subjected to crimes of a violent⁴ nature, whilst almost one third (32%) were victims of Criminal Damage (Fig. 6).



2.2 Age of Victims

Victims who had a home address in Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 41% of victims of crime were aged 30-49 years, this compared to just 27% of the total resident population.
- 11% of victims of crime were aged over 60 years old, compared to 22% of the resident population.
- 45% of victims of violent crime were aged under 25, this compares to 31% of the total resident population.
- Almost half (49%) of victims of Sexual Offences were aged under 18, compared to just 20% of the resident population.
- Two fifths (41%) of victims of Burglary Dwelling were aged between 30 and 49 years, compared to just over one quarter (27%) of the population.
- Almost half the victims of Burglary Non-dwelling were aged 30-49 years, compared to 27% of the resident population.

⁴ Violent crime comprises Violence Against the Person (VAP), Sexual offences and Robbery. VAP covers the whole spectrum of assaults from pushing and shoving, with no physical harm, to murder.

Table 7: Violent Crime and Burglary Victims, where the victims home address was in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Violence against the person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary dwelling	Burglary Non-dwelling
Under 10	194	37	3	0	0
10 - 17	1,839	303	115	25	23
18 - 24	3,016	137	154	652	173
25 - 29	1,538	61	76	502	217
30 - 39	2,318	65	87	845	686
40 - 49	1,749	58	66	849	800
50 - 59	723	17	41	553	575
60+	265	11	43	711	537
Not Known	65	0	1	20	16
All Ages	11,707	689	586	4,157	3,027

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Victims who had a home address in Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- Almost half (46%) of victims of Theft of Vehicles and Theft from Vehicles were between 30 and 49 years old. However, only 27% of the resident population were in this age group.
- The age of victims of Theft Other (which includes Theft from the Person and Theft of Pedal Cycle) was well distributed across the whole age spectrum, with the exception of those under 18 years old, where it was lower.
- Those aged 30 or over were more likely to be a victim of Fraud & Forgery, than those aged under 30 (16% of all victims).
- The age of victims of Criminal Damage was well distributed across the whole age spectrum, with the exception of those aged under 18 years old, where it was lower.

Table 8: Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery Victims, where the victims home address was in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Theft of Vehicles	Theft from Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
Under 10	0	1	30	0	0
10 - 17	63	14	746	4	74
18 - 24	349	820	1,784	58	2,353
25 - 29	288	710	1,034	59	2,025
30 - 39	512	1,175	1,809	207	4,121
40 - 49	473	1,059	1,722	200	4,252
50 - 59	281	662	1,134	126	2,506
60+	177	429	1,619	112	2,117
Not Known	16	19	47	11	106
All Ages	2,159	4,889	9,925	777	17,554

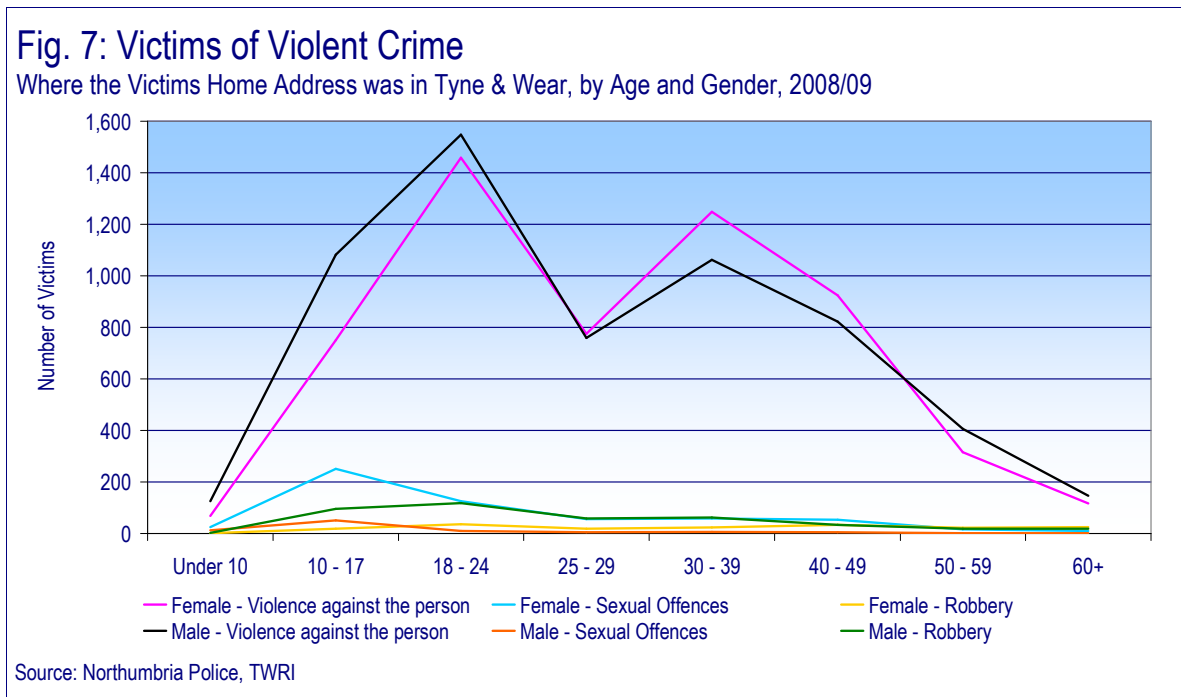
Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

2.3 Age and Gender of Victims

Victims who had a home address in Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

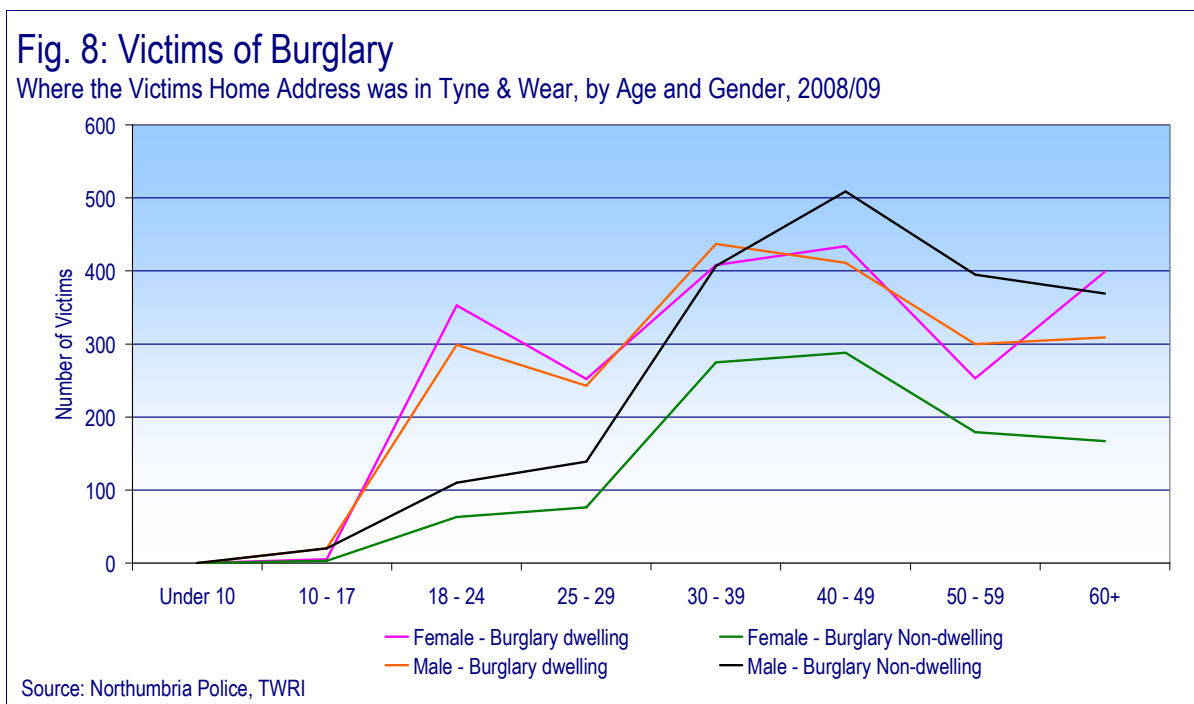
- 53% of victims of crime were male, this compares to 49% of the total resident population of Tyne & Wear.
- 18-24 year olds accounted for one quarter of female victims of Violence Against the Person.
- 69% of male victims of Sexual Offences were under 18 years old. Those aged under 18 years old in Tyne & Wear account for just 21% of the total resident male population.

- 87% of victims of Sexual Offences were female. 46% of these female victims were under 18 years old, this compares to just 19% of the total female resident population.
- 69% of victims of Robbery were male. 53% of these male victims were under 25 years old.



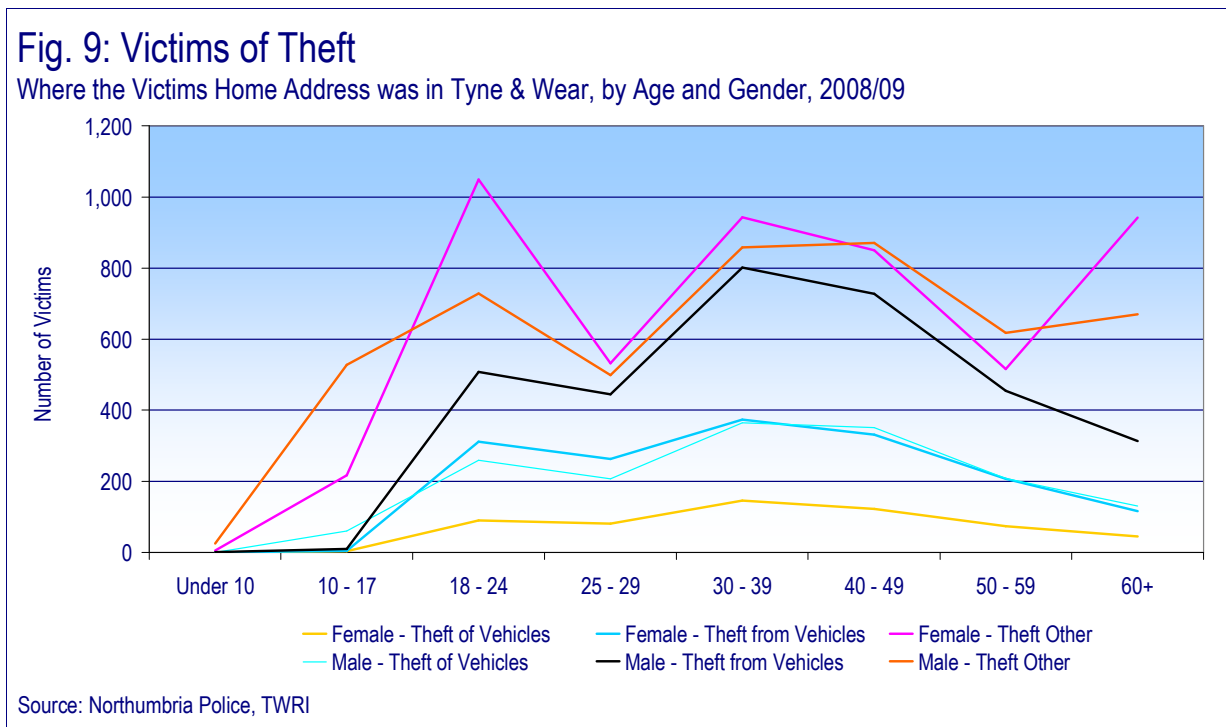
Victims who had a home address in Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- Over one quarter (26%) of victims of Burglary Non-dwelling were males aged 40-49 years.



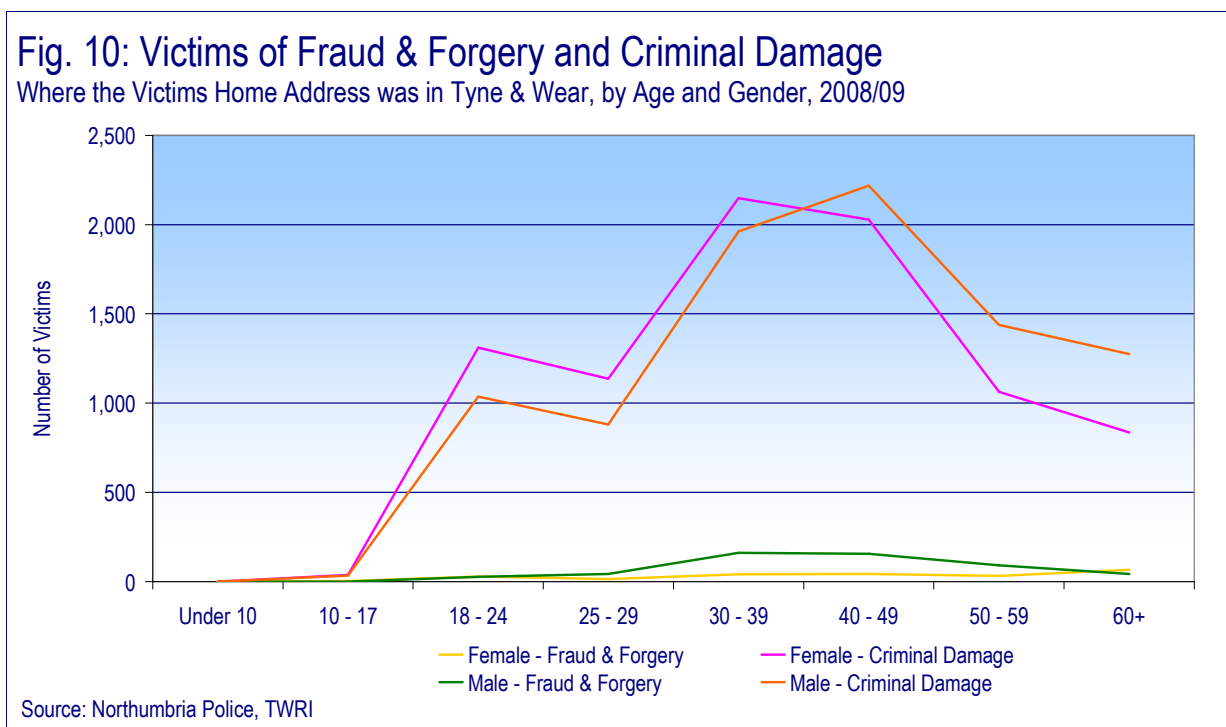
Victims who had a home address in Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 74% of Theft of Vehicles and 67% of Theft from Vehicles victims of crime were male.
- Those aged 18-24 years accounted for over one fifth (21%) of female victims of Theft Other.



Victims who had a home address in Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 69% of victims of Fraud & Forgery were male. 60% of these victims were aged between 30 and 49 years old.
- Females over 60 years old accounted for 28% of all female victims of Fraud & Forgery. The highest proportion of any of the age groups.



2.4 Ethnicity of Victims

Victims who had a home address in Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 8% of victims of crime were from a Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) group, this is a higher proportion than that of the overall population, where 5.8% were from a BME group.
- Only 2% of victims of Sexual Offences were from a BME group, compared to 5.8% of the population.
- 11% of victims of Robbery were of Asian or Asian British ethnic origin, this compares to just 3% of the total population of Tyne & Wear

Table 9: Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary, where the victims home address was in Tyne & Wear, by Ethnicity, 2008/09

Ethnic Origin	% of Population in Tyne & Wear	Violence Against The Person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary Dwelling	Burglary Non-Dwelling
Asian or Asian British	3.0	680	8	62	183	150
Black or Black British	0.8	196	2	8	67	16
Chinese / Other / Mixed	2.1	118	2	21	60	33
Unknown		64	2	5	21	27
White	94.2	10,649	675	490	3,826	2,801
All Ethnic Origins	100.1	11,707	689	586	4,157	3,027

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI, ONS Crown Copyright 2009.

Victims who had a home address in Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- Approximately 7% of victims of Theft from Vehicles, Theft Other and Criminal Damage were from a BME group.
- One fifth (21%) of all victims of Fraud & Forgery were of Asian or Asian British ethnic origin, this is a higher proportion than that of the overall population, where 3% were from this group.

Table 10: Victims of Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery, where the victims home address was in Tyne & Wear, by Ethnicity, 2008/09

Ethnic Origin	% of Population in Tyne & Wear	Theft Of Vehicles	Theft From Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
Asian or Asian British	3.0	91	272	472	162	917
Black or Black British	0.8	18	50	102	3	165
Chinese / Other / Mixed	2.1	15	59	106	13	164
Unknown		3	26	77	19	139
White	94.2	2,032	4,482	9,168	580	16,169
All Ethnic Origins	100.1	2,159	4,889	9,925	777	17,554

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI, ONS Crown Copyright 2009.

2.5 Occupation of Victims

Victims who had a home address in Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 36% of victims of Violence Against the Person were in employment. The occupations with the highest number of victims were: Sales/Shop Assistant (318), Manager (188), and Taxi Driver (144).
- 12% of victims of Violence Against the Person were school children and 8% students.
- 42% of victims of Sexual Offences were school children, whilst 21% were unemployed.
- 31% of Robbery victims were either a school child or a student.
- 15% of Burglary Dwelling victims were retired, whilst 7% were students.

Table 11: Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary, where the home address was in Tyne & Wear, by Occupation, 2008/09

Occupation	Violence Against The Person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary Dwelling	Burglary Non-Dwelling
School Child	1,453	286	85	5	12
Student	963	66	95	307	57
Looking after home/family	300	14	6	135	68
Disabled	28	0	2	16	11
Retired	236	10	34	611	419
Unemployed	3,843	143	110	955	280
In employment	4,206	131	233	1,990	2,062
Unknown	678	39	21	138	118
All Occupations	11,707	689	586	4,157	3,027

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Victims who had a home address in Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 64% of Theft of Vehicles victims and 76% of Theft from Vehicle victims were in employment. Taxi Drivers were the occupation with the highest number (250) of victims of Theft from a Vehicle.
- 14% of Theft Other victims were retired, whilst 16% were either school children or students.
- Just over half (53%) of Criminal Damage victims were in employment, whilst one quarter (26%) were classed as being unemployed. 0.5% of Criminal Damage victims were disabled, the crime type with the highest proportion of disabled victims.

Table 12: Victims of Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery, where the home address was in Tyne & Wear, by Occupation, 2008/09

Occupation	Theft Of Vehicles	Theft From Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
School Child	6	1	555	1	17
Student	121	337	1,042	22	572
Looking after home/family	39	65	267	10	548
Disabled	7	4	31	2	79
Retired	135	264	1,422	98	1,769
Unemployed	365	286	1,434	57	4,556
In employment	1,379	3,734	4,803	564	9,221
Unknown	107	198	371	23	792
All Occupations	2,159	4,889	9,925	777	17,554

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

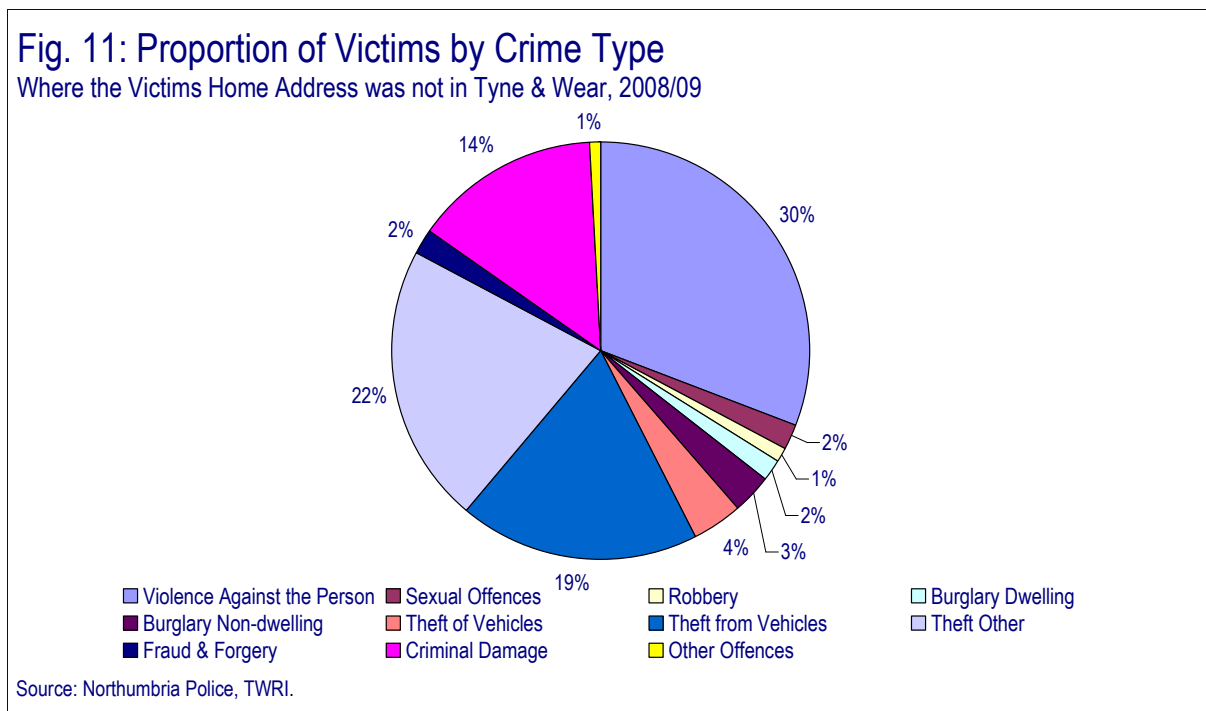
3. Demographic Profile of Victims of Crime – Where the Victims Live outside Tyne & Wear

Data within section 3 refers to the characteristics of victims where the home address was outside of Tyne & Wear. The crime will have been committed within Tyne & Wear.

3.1 Distribution of Different Types of Crime

In 2008/09 of the 60,000 victims of crimes committed within Tyne & Wear, 4,187 (7%) of these had a home address outside of Tyne & Wear.

Over one third (34%) of these victims were subjected to crimes of a violent⁵ nature, whilst 19% were victims of Theft from Vehicles and 22% victims of Theft Other (Fig. 11).



3.2 Age of Victims

During 2008/09 for crimes committed in Tyne & Wear, but where the victims had a home address outside Tyne & Wear:

- 54% of victims of all recorded crime were aged 18-39 years.
- 6% of victims of all recorded crime were aged over 60 years old.
- 30% of victims of violent crime were aged under 25. However, the age was not known for 22% of victims of violent crime.
- Over one third (38%) of victims of Sexual Offences were aged under 18.
- Almost one third (32%) of victims of Burglary Dwelling were aged between 40 and 49 years. Although the crime took place at a property within Tyne & Wear, the home address of the victim is given as outside of Tyne & Wear. There is usually a logical reason for this, for instance where the victim is a student, property developer or landlord.

⁵ Violent crime comprises Violence Against the Person (VAP), Sexual offences and Robbery. VAP covers the whole spectrum of assaults from pushing and shoving, with no physical harm, to murder.

Table 13: Violent Crime and Burglary Victims, where the victims home address was not in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Violence against the person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary dwelling	Burglary Non-dwelling
Under 10	9	4	0	0	0
10 - 17	70	27	6	0	2
18 - 24	263	30	17	9	10
25 - 29	190	4	3	3	13
30 - 39	246	11	2	14	29
40 - 49	137	4	11	23	31
50 - 59	48	1	5	12	21
60+	12	0	3	8	15
Not Known	311	0	1	4	5
All Ages	1,286	81	48	73	126

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

During 2008/09 for crimes committed in Tyne & Wear, but where the victims home address was outside Tyne & Wear:

- Those aged between 30 and 49 years old accounted for almost half of victims of Theft of Vehicles (48%), Theft from Vehicles (49%) and Criminal Damage (45%).
- Fraud & Forgery victims tended to be older, with those aged under 30 accounting for just 12% of victims.

Table 14: Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery Victims, where the victims home address was not in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Theft of Vehicles	Theft from Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0
10 - 17	1	1	42	1	1
18 - 24	31	127	256	4	115
25 - 29	17	88	143	4	71
30 - 39	34	196	160	22	124
40 - 49	42	184	135	22	147
50 - 59	24	113	75	14	78
60+	9	63	82	9	45
Not Known	2	11	20	2	24
All Ages	160	783	913	78	605

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

3.3 Gender of Victims

During 2008/09 for crimes committed in Tyne & Wear, but where the victims home address was outside Tyne & Wear:

- 61% of victims of all types of crime were male.
- The highest proportion of female victims of Violence Against the person were aged 18-24 years, whilst for male victims the highest proportion were aged 30-39 years.
- 85% of victims of Sexual Offences were female. 74% of these female victims were under 25 years old.
- 18-24 year olds accounted for one quarter of female victims of Violence Against the Person.
- Almost one third (31%) of female Robbery victims were between 40 and 49 years old.

Table 15: Female Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary, where the home address was not in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Violence against the person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary dwelling	Burglary Non-dwelling
Under 10	5	3	0	0	0
10 - 17	31	21	0	0	1
18 - 24	99	27	3	3	5
25 - 29	72	4	2	2	1
30 - 39	70	9	1	6	5
40 - 49	36	4	5	5	9
50 - 59	15	1	3	3	7
60+	4	0	1	3	4
Not Known	53	0	1	2	0
All Ages	385	69	16	24	32

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Note: 'Male' and 'female' victims may not sum the total number of victims, as in some cases the gender is not recorded.

During 2008/09 for crimes committed in Tyne & Wear, but where the victims home address was outside Tyne & Wear:

- One third of male victims of Violence Against the Person were aged between 18 and 30 years. However, it should be noted that the age of one quarter of male victims of Violence Against the Person was not known.
- 35% of male Burglary Dwelling victims were aged between 40 and 49 years old.

Table 16: Male Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary, where the home address was not in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Violence against the person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary dwelling	Burglary Non-dwelling
Under 10	4	1	0	0	0
10 - 17	38	6	6	0	1
18 - 24	160	3	14	6	5
25 - 29	115	0	1	1	12
30 - 39	163	2	1	8	24
40 - 49	98	0	6	17	22
50 - 59	31	0	2	9	14
60+	8	0	2	5	11
Not Known	213	0	0	2	5
All Ages	830	12	32	48	94

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Note: 'Male' and 'female' victims may not sum the total number of victims, as in some cases the gender is not recorded.

During 2008/09 for crimes committed in Tyne & Wear, but where the victims had a home address outside Tyne & Wear:

- Of the 513 female victims of Theft Other one third were between 18-24 years old.
- One quarter of female victims of Criminal Damage were aged between 18-24.

Table 17: Female Victims of Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery, where the home address was not in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Theft of Vehicles	Theft from Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0
10 - 17	0	0	25	1	0
18 - 24	6	42	171	2	55
25 - 29	4	25	87	2	32
30 - 39	6	42	83	7	43
40 - 49	3	51	54	7	51
50 - 59	7	25	34	0	27
60+	1	10	52	5	7
Not Known	0	3	7	1	6
All Ages	27	198	513	25	221

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Note: 'Male' and 'female' victims may not sum the total number of victims, as in some cases the gender is not recorded.

During 2008/09 for crimes committed in Tyne & Wear, but where the victims had a home address outside Tyne & Wear:

- Of the 585 male victims of Theft from a Vehicle almost half (49%) were aged 30 to 49 years old.
- The majority of male victims of Fraud & Forgery were aged 30 or over. Only 8% were under this age.

Table 18: Male Victims of Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery, where the home address was not in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Theft of Vehicles	Theft from Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
Under 10	0	0	0	0	0
10 - 17	1	1	17	0	1
18 - 24	25	85	84	2	58
25 - 29	13	63	55	2	39
30 - 39	28	154	76	14	81
40 - 49	39	133	80	15	94
50 - 59	17	88	40	13	51
60+	8	53	29	4	38
Not Known	2	8	10	1	15
All Ages	133	585	391	51	377

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Note: 'Male' and 'female' victims may not sum the total number of victims, as in some cases the gender is not recorded.

3.4 Ethnicity of Victims

During 2008/09 for crimes committed in Tyne & Wear, but where the victims had a home address outside Tyne & Wear:

- 4% of victims of all types of crime were from a Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) group.
- 12% of victims of Violence Against the Person were of unrecorded ethnic origin.
- 5% of victims of Sexual Offences were of Asian or Asian British ethnic origin.
- Approximately 7% of victims of Burglary Dwelling and 13% of Burglary Non-dwelling victims were from a BME group.

Table 19: Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary, where the victims home address was not in Tyne & Wear, by Ethnicity, 2008/09

Ethnic Origin	Violence	Sexual	Robbery	Burglary	Burglary
	Against The Person	Offences		Dwelling	Non-Dwelling
Asian or Asian British	21	4	1	4	12
Black or Black British	8	0	0	1	1
Chinese or Other Ethnic Group	4	0	0	0	3
Unknown	157	1	0	7	5
White	1,096	76	47	61	105
All Ethnic Origins	1,286	81	48	73	126

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

During 2008/09 for crimes committed in Tyne & Wear, but where the victims had a home address outside Tyne & Wear:

- 8% of victims of Fraud & Forgery were of Asian or Asian British ethnic origin. However 14% of victim's ethnic origin was not recorded.

Table 20: Victims of Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery, where the victims home address was not in Tyne & Wear, by Ethnicity, 2008/09

Ethnic Origin	Theft Of Vehicles	Theft	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
		From Vehicles			
Asian or Asian British	4	30	20	6	27
Black or Black British	1	4	7	0	2
Chinese or Other Ethnic Group	0	2	6	0	5
Unknown	2	6	25	11	19
White	153	741	855	61	552
All Ethnic Origins	160	783	913	78	605

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

3.5 Occupation of Victims

During 2008/09 for crimes committed in Tyne & Wear, but where the victim had a home address outside Tyne & Wear:

- 68% of victims of Violence Against the Person were in employment. Over half of these victims were Police Officers (495).
- 8% of victims of Violence Against the Person were students.
- 32% of victims of Sexual Offences were school children, whilst 11% were students.
- 23% of Robbery victims were either a school child or a student.
- 64% of Burglary Dwelling victims were in employment, whilst 8% were students.

Table 21: Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary, where the home address was not in Tyne & Wear, by Occupation, 2008/09

Occupation	Violence			Burglary Dwelling	Burglary Non-Dwelling
	Against The Person	Sexual Offences	Robbery		
School Child	37	26	3	0	0
Student	99	9	8	6	3
Looking after home/family	8	1	1	1	1
Disabled	2	0	0	0	0
Retired	4	0	2	3	4
Unemployed	128	18	3	5	2
In employment	873	18	29	47	108
Unknown	135	9	2	11	8
All Occupations	1,286	81	48	73	126

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

During 2008/09 for crimes committed in Tyne & Wear, but where the victims had a home address outside Tyne & Wear:

- 13% of Theft of Vehicles victims were unemployed.
- 7% of Theft Other victims were retired, whilst 19% were either school children or students.
- Three quarters of Criminal Damage victims were in employment, whilst 2% were looking after home/family, one of the highest crime types for this group of victims.

Table 22: Victims of Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery, where the home address was not in Tyne & Wear, by Occupation, 2008/09

Occupation	Theft Of			Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
	Theft From Vehicles	Theft From Vehicles	Theft Other		
School Child	0	0	28	0	0
Student	9	58	144	2	25
Looking after home/family	1	6	12	1	12
Disabled	0	1	1	0	1
Retired	6	36	59	6	27
Unemployed	21	32	62	4	31
In employment	116	604	541	61	452
Unknown	7	46	66	4	57
All Occupations	160	783	913	78	605

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

4. Violent Crime in Tyne & Wear and the Relationship between Victim and Perpetrator

During 2008/09 14,397 violent crimes were committed in Tyne & Wear. Of these crimes the majority (81%) were committed by a stranger. 16% of violent crime was classed as domestic violence, where the offence was committed by a known family member or partner. The definition of domestic violence is 'Any incident of threatening behaviour, violence or abuse (psychological, physical, sexual, financial or emotional) between adults who are or have been intimate partners or family members, regardless of gender or sexuality' (Home Office 2005).

Victims of violent crime, whose home address was in Tyne & Wear followed a similar proportional split to where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, although domestic violence was slightly higher at 17%.

Table 23: Violent Crime* in Tyne & Wear. Victims relationship with the alleged perpetrator, 2008/09

Relationship	Crime Committed in Tyne & Wear		Victims home address in Tyne & Wear	
	Count	% of all victims	Count	% of all victims
Acquaintance	491	3.4	456	3.5
Domestic	2,272	15.8	2,206	17.0
Stranger	11,634	80.8	10,320	79.5
All violent crime victims	14,397	100	12,982	100

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

* Violent crime comprises violence against the person, sexual offences and robbery.

Men are more likely to be victims of violent crime on the street perpetrated by strangers. During 2008/09, 92% of male victims compared to 70% of female victims were attacked by strangers.

Women are more likely to be victims in the home perpetrated by someone known to them. During 2008/09, 27% of female violent crime victims were subjected to domestic violence.

Table 24: Violent Crime* in Tyne & Wear. Victims relationship with the alleged perpetrator, by gender, 2008/09

Relationship	Total	Male	Female	Not known
Acquaintance	491	267	222	2
Domestic	2,272	373	1,892	7
Stranger	11,634	6,714	4,818	102
All violent crime victims	14,397	7,354	6,932	111

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

* Violent crime comprises violence against the person, sexual offences and robbery.

The **Tyneside Rape Crisis Centre (TRCC)**⁶ provides information, support and counselling for women in Gateshead, Newcastle, North and South Tyneside who have been raped or sexually abused. During 2008/09, the TRCC received 287 initial enquiries. 31% of these calls related to adult survivors of childhood sexual abuse and 30% to adult sexual abuse or rape. The majority of women seeking help, 39% of daytime calls and 43% of counselling sessions, were from Newcastle. The centre offers support rather than encouraging victims to report the crimes, though they help women if they decide to do that.

R.E.A.C.H (Rape Examination Advice Counselling & Help)⁷ provide a free, confidential counselling, support and advice service for men and women who have been raped or sexually assaulted, aged 16 or over. The service is available to people in the Northumberland or Tyne and Wear areas, whether or not they make a formal complaint to the police. R.E.A.C.H. has two dedicated centres; The Ellis Fraser Centre in Sunderland and The Rhona Cross Centre in Newcastle.

R.E.A.C.H. is able to provide the following data:

- The number of people attending the centres between 2008/9 who are receiving counselling or have had a forensic medical examination (without reporting to police)
- Gender
- Age
- Ethnicity

⁶ Source: Annual 2008/09 report. Available from www.tynesidercc.org.uk

⁷ <http://reachcentres.co.uk/index.php>

- Relationship between victim and offender
- Location of assault

Unfortunately, whilst REACH is happy to share anonymous information, their records are paper based and at the time of writing they were in the process relocating. Therefore resources were not available to provide any findings at this moment in time. However, in the future it would be possible to obtain such data, to help build a better picture of unreported (to the Police) victims of violent and sexual offences.

5. Property-Related Crime in Tyne & Wear

During 2008/09 there were 80,358 items of stolen property recorded by Northumbria Police in Tyne & Wear (where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear). 12,341 (15%) of these items were recovered. The total value of property stolen (including that recovered) was £27,799,602. The total value of property recovered was £6,395,796.

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- The most common item stolen was cash, accounting for 8% of all types of property stolen. The total amount of cash stolen was £3,769,149, 14% of the total value of all property stolen.
- Automobile thefts accounted for 4% of all types of property stolen, however, in monetary terms stolen automobiles accounted for over one third (35%) of the total value of all property stolen, the highest for any type of property.
- The most expensive item stolen was recorded as ‘mobile phone’; however, this was as a result of systematic theft over a long period of time.

Table 25: Top Twenty Types of Property Stolen and Associated Value, where the Crime was Committed in Tyne & Wear, 2008/09

Property Type	Number of Items Stolen	Total Value Stolen
Cash	6,039	£3,769,149
Credit/Account Card	3,750	£6,580
Mobile Phone	3,678	£1,105,915
Pedal Cycle	3,157	£843,638
Automobile	2,958	£9,741,302
Purse	1,665	£33,423
Lap Top Computer	1,421	£829,500
Satellite Navigation	1,356	£248,896
Handbag	1,265	£57,704
Key	1,258	£19,562
Cosmetics	932	£33,132
Jewellery	844	£391,614
Driving Licence	828	£1,927
Television	807	£453,140
Games Console	800	£156,302
Drill	796	£168,692
Ring	742	£258,029
Watch	724	£404,792
Foodstuffs	712	£51,800
Lead Flashing	696	£217,787
All Items	80,358	£27,799,602

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- The most common items of stolen property recovered by the Police were automobiles, accounting for 15% of all types of property recovered. Automobiles accounted for £5,292,432 (83%) of the total value of all property recovered.

Table 26: Top Twenty Types of Property Recovered and Associated Value, where the Crime was Committed in Tyne & Wear, 2008/09

Property Type	Number of Items Recovered	Total Value Recovered
Automobile	1,853	£5,292,432
Cosmetics	484	£14,786
Foodstuffs	369	£13,180
Clothes	338	£31,476
Perfume	257	£16,920
Handbag	247	£12,555
Pedal Cycle	231	£50,595
Purse	224	£7,105
Mobile Phone	220	£24,939
Aftershave	171	£7,531
Cash	169	£57,198
Vodka	162	£3,138
Meat	161	£6,177
Credit/Account Card	152	£152
Digital video disc	128	£6,660
Lager	123	£1,418
Jacket	123	£9,657
Whisky	118	£4,374
Jewellery	114	£9,839
Wine	112	£970
All Items	12,341	£6,395,796

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- The most common item stolen from school child was pedal cycles, whilst for students it was mobile phones.
- Automobiles were the highest value items stolen from school children, students, disabled and retired people.

Table 27: Property Stolen and Associated Value by Occupation, where the Crime was Committed in Tyne & Wear, 2008/09

Occupation	Number of Items Stolen	Total Value Stolen	Most Common Item Stolen	Highest Value Item Stolen
School Child	922	£119,926	Pedal Cycle	Automobile
Student	4,926	£799,922	Mobile Phone	Automobile
Looking after home/family	1,573	£441,431	Cash	Jewellery
Disabled	231	£53,241	Cash	Automobile
Retired	6,561	£1,515,012	Cash	Automobile
Unemployed	7,694	£1,984,472	Cash	Cash
In employment	35,650	£12,308,887	Cash	Metal
Unknown	21,911	£10,288,124	Cash	Mobile Phone

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

6. 'Business' Victims in Tyne & Wear

In 2008/09 there were 27,929 business victims of crime in Tyne & Wear, where the crime was committed in one of the five Tyne & Wear districts. Almost one third (32%) of these crimes were against Northumbria Police (this includes crimes against The Crown / Regina).

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- The majority (98%) of violent crimes against businesses were against the Police.
- The 169 Burglary Dwelling business victims were primarily property management companies, housing associations, Local Authority housing departments or Arms Length Management Organisations (ALMOs) responsible for managing former council homes.

Table 28: 'Business' victims, where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, 2008/09

	All Business Victims	Violence Against The Person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary Dwelling	Burglary Non- Dwelling
Regina / Police	8,808	2,678	15	1	0	2
Businesses	19,121	10	0	43	169	1,994
All Business victims	27,929	2,688	15	44	169	1,996

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 39% of all business victims were of Theft Other. This category includes 'Theft from Shops and Stalls', which accounted for three quarters (8,009) of these Theft Other business victims.
- The majority (99%) of Drug Offences and Other Offences (98%) classified as being against businesses were against the Police.

Table 29: 'Business' victims, where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, 2008/09 - continued

	Theft Of Vehicles	Theft From Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage	Drug Offences	Other Offences
Regina / Police	1	3	230	119	251	4,307	1,203
Businesses	87	620	10,535	1,446	4,177	9	29
All Business victims	88	623	10,765	1,565	4,428	4,316	1,232

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

In 2008/09 there were 18,105 business victims of crime in Tyne & Wear, where the business 'home' address was given as being in one of the five Tyne & Wear districts. The crime will have been committed within Tyne & Wear. The number of business victims with a 'home' address within Tyne & Wear is much lower than the number of victims of crimes committed in Tyne & Wear, as many organisations record their 'home' address as a headquarters office located outside of Tyne & Wear. This also explains the reduction in the number of Police / Regina victims, as in the majority of cases Northumbria Police Headquarters in Ponteland, Northumberland, outside of Tyne & Wear, is recorded as the victims 'home address'.

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- The 145 Burglary Dwelling business victims were primarily property management companies, housing associations, Local Authority housing departments or Arms Length Management Organisations (ALMOs) responsible for managing council homes.

Table 30: 'Business' victims, where the Business address was in Tyne & Wear, 2008/09

	All Business Victims	Violence Against The Person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary Dwelling	Burglary Non- Dwelling
Regina / Police	24	3	0	1	0	1
Businesses	18,081	6	0	43	145	1,873
All Business victims	18,105	9	0	44	145	1,874

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

In Tyne & Wear during 2008/09:

- 57% of all business victims were of Theft Other. This category includes 'Theft from Shops and Stalls', which accounted for almost four-fifths (8,004) of these Theft Other business victims.

Table 31: 'Business' victims, where the Business address was in Tyne & Wear, 2008/09 - continued

	Theft Of Vehicles	Theft From Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage	Drug Offences	Other Offences
Regina / Police	0	0	1	2	15	1	0
Businesses	70	442	10,240	1,359	3,886	4	13
All Business victims	70	442	10,241	1,361	3,901	5	13

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

7. Location Profile of Victims in Tyne & Wear

In 2008/09 there were 60,000 (people) victims of crime in Tyne & Wear, where the crime was committed in one of the five Tyne & Wear districts. 93% of these victims also lived within Tyne & Wear.

The proportion of victims living in each Tyne & Wear district approximately mirrored the proportional share of the population of Tyne & Wear within each District. Newcastle and Sunderland had the highest percentage share of victims, whilst also having the highest proportional share of the total population of Tyne & Wear.

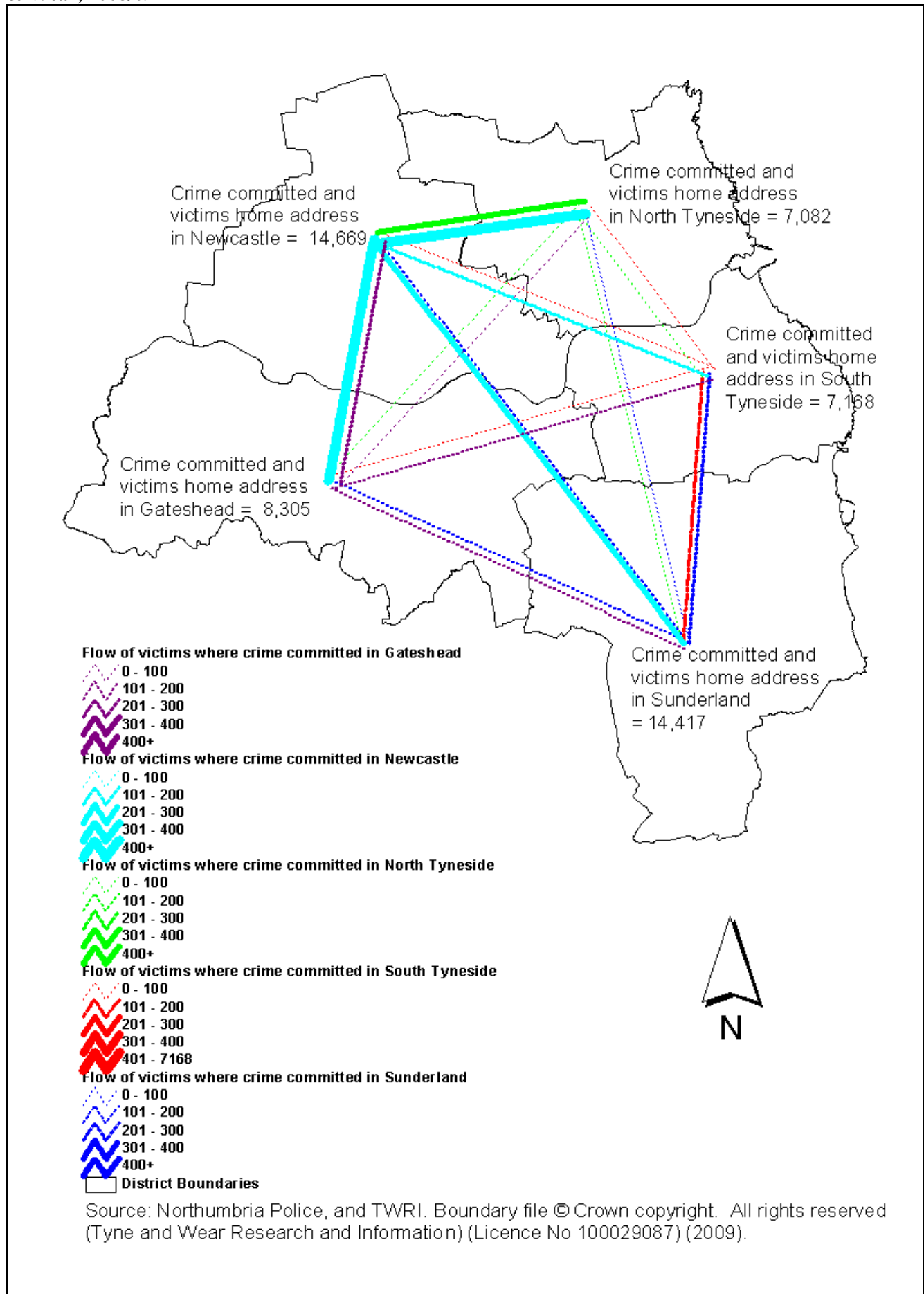
A large proportion of victims from outside of Tyne & Wear were from neighbouring counties. Approximately, 40% of these victims were from Northumberland, 25% from County Durham and 4% from the Tees Valley area, whilst the remaining 30% were from areas outside of the North East.

Table 32: Location of Victim Home Address Compared to Where the Crime was Committed, Tyne & Wear, 2008/09 (excludes Business victims)

Crime District	Victims Home Address District					
	Gateshead	Newcastle	North Tyneside	South Tyneside	Sunderland	Outside Tyne & Wear
Gateshead	8,305	296	79	109	159	597
Newcastle	860	14,669	770	194	217	1,805
North Tyneside	58	334	7,082	47	25	535
South Tyneside	98	87	57	7,168	160	258
Sunderland	139	129	61	293	14,417	992
Tyne & Wear	9,460	15,515	8,049	7,811	14,978	4,187

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI.

Map 1: The Location of Victims Home Addresses in Relation to Where the Crime was Committed, Tyne & Wear, 2008/09



In 2008/09 there were 14,397 (people) victims of violent crime in Tyne & Wear, where the crime was committed in one of the five Tyne & Wear districts. 90% of these victims also lived within Tyne & Wear.

The flow between Districts can be seen in Map 2.

Table 33: Location of Violent Crime Victim Home Address Compared to Where the Crime was Committed, Tyne & Wear, 2008/09 (excludes Business victims)

Crime District	Victims Home Address District					
	Gateshead	Newcastle	North Tyneside	South Tyneside	Sunderland	Outside Tyne & Wear
Gateshead	1,673	81	22	38	43	169
Newcastle	310	3,033	248	69	66	562
North Tyneside	20	112	1,645	18	2	213
South Tyneside	34	28	18	1,679	41	122
Sunderland	29	42	16	86	3,629	349
Tyne & Wear	2,066	3,296	1,949	1,890	3,781	1,415

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI.

In 2008/09 there were 7,991 (people) victims of vehicle-related crime in Tyne & Wear, where the crime was committed in one of the five Tyne & Wear districts. 88% of these victims also lived within Tyne & Wear.

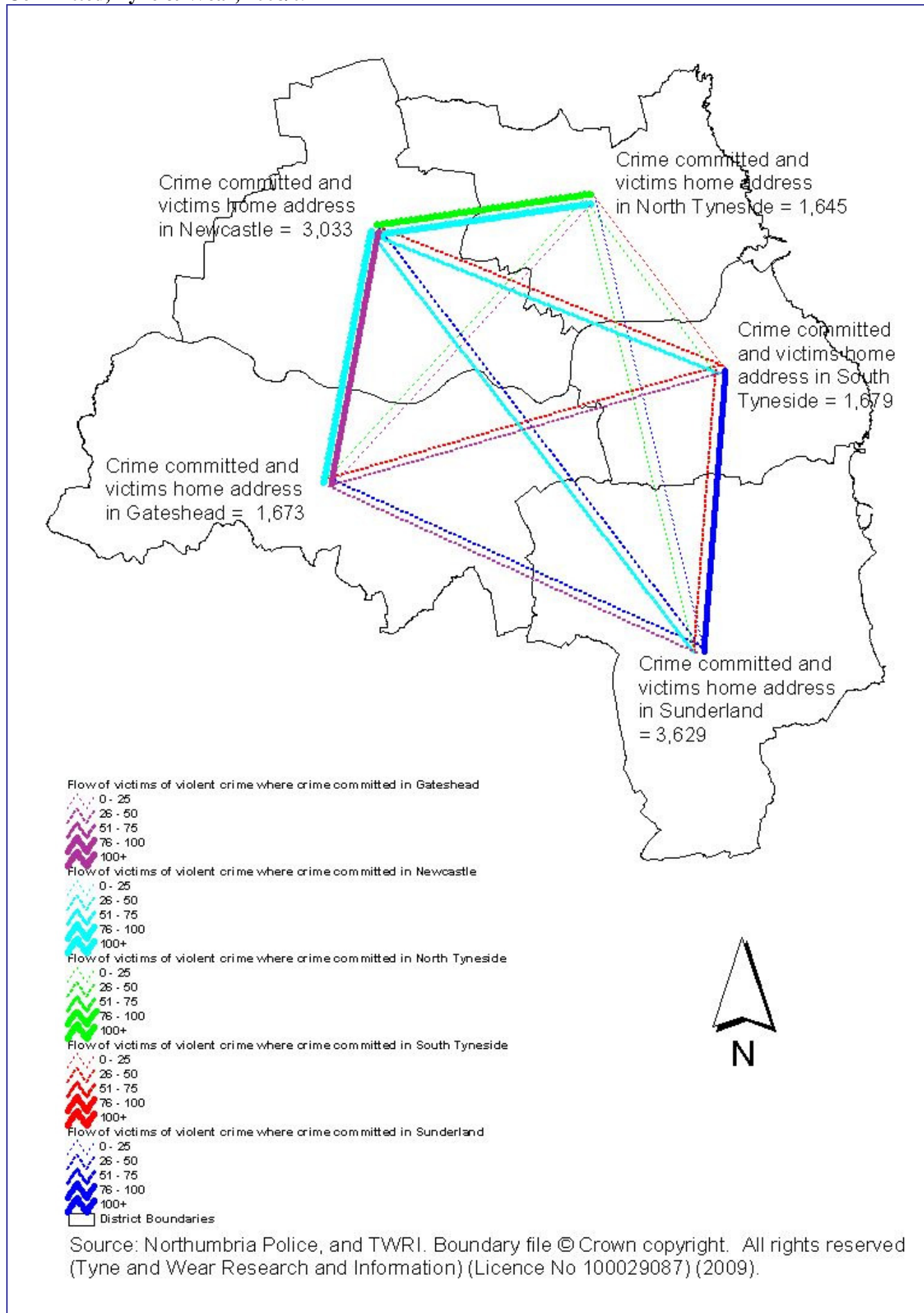
The flow between Districts can be seen in Map 3.

Table 34: Location of Vehicle-Related Crime Victim Home Address Compared to Where the Crime was Committed, Tyne & Wear, 2008/09 (excludes Business victims)

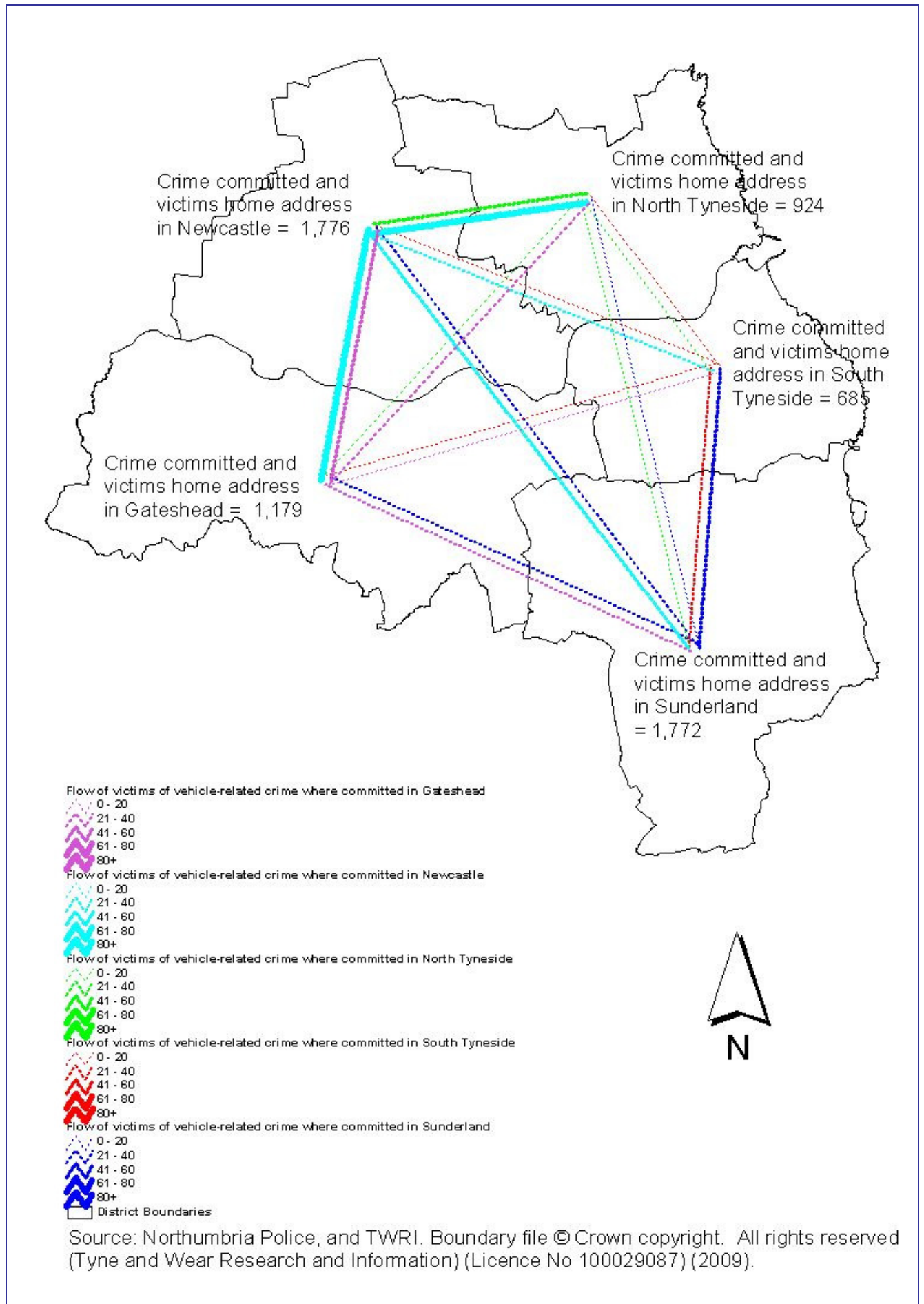
Crime District	Victims Home Address District					
	Gateshead	Newcastle	North Tyneside	South Tyneside	Sunderland	Outside Tyne & Wear
Gateshead	1,179	41	26	20	40	160
Newcastle	113	1,776	138	33	46	397
North Tyneside	10	42	924	6	6	87
South Tyneside	15	8	12	685	25	44
Sunderland	40	22	12	57	1,772	255
Tyne & Wear	1,357	1,889	1,112	801	1,889	943

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI.

Map 2: The Location of Violent Crime Victims Home Addresses in Relation to Where the Crime was Committed, Tyne & Wear, 2008/09



Map 3: The Location of Vehicle-Related Crime Victims Home Addresses in Relation to Where the Crime was Committed, Tyne & Wear, 2008/09



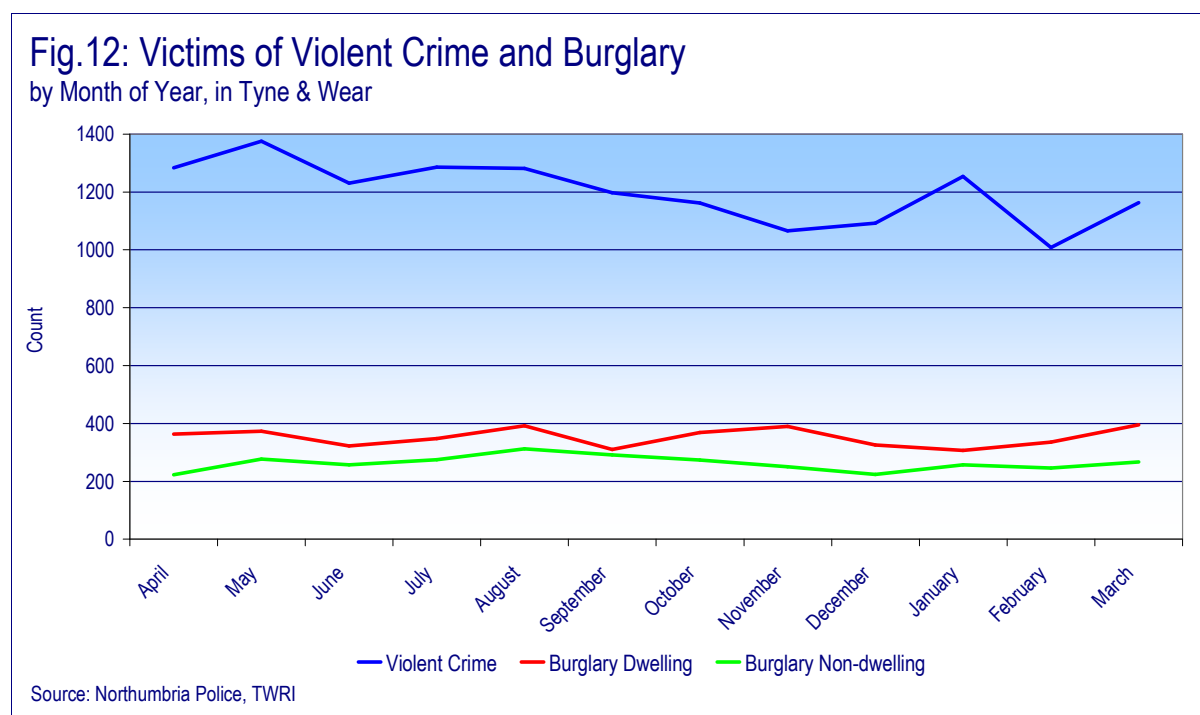
8. Temporal Profile of Victims in Tyne & Wear

Crime trends can be influenced by a range of factors that fluctuate according to time of the week or time of the year. Influencing factors include increased alcohol consumption in town centres at the weekend, influx of visitors/tourism, rain and low temperatures and seasonal holidays.

Recording the time at which some types of high volume crime take place can be problematic. For example, when vehicle crime takes place overnight, or when a burglary takes place while the occupier is on holiday. There will be a range, covering the earliest and latest times possible for the offence to have occurred. For the purposes of this report the earliest time and date for the offence to have occurred has been used.

During 2008/09 in Tyne & Wear:

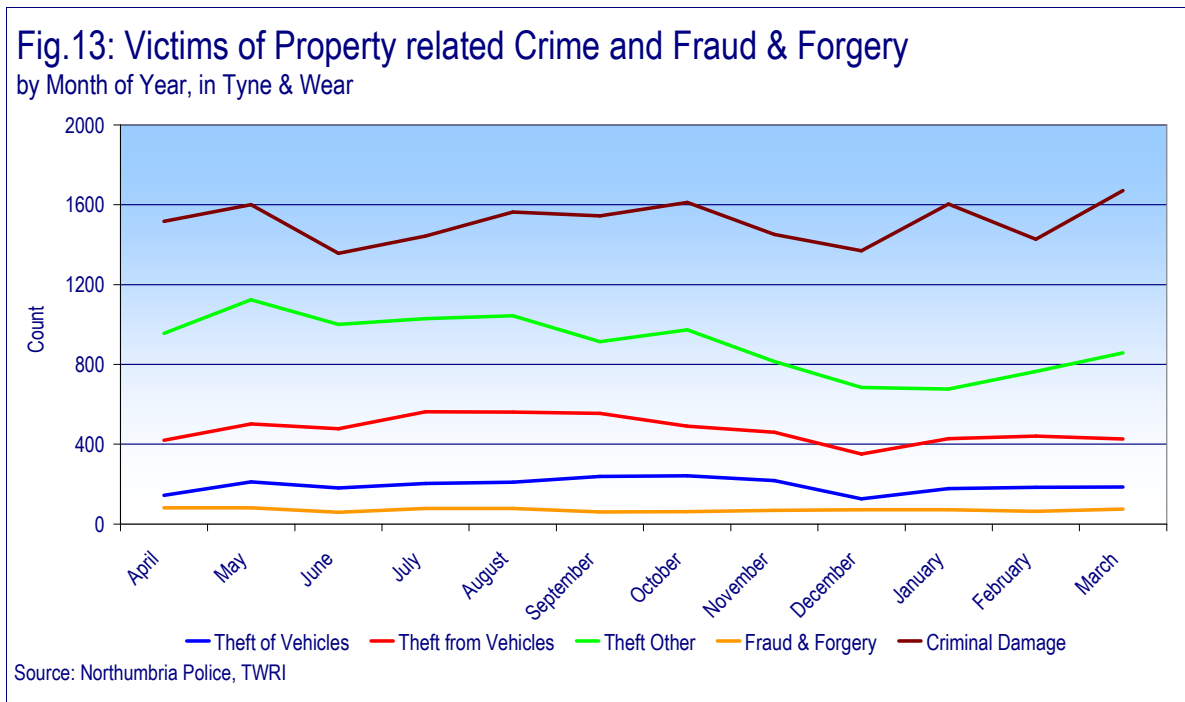
- There were on average 1,200 victims of violent crime per month. April to June quarter saw the most victims of this type of crime. May had the highest number of violent crime victims and February the lowest.
- There were on average 353 victims of Burglary Dwelling per month. October to December quarter had the most victims of Burglary Dwellings. March had the highest number of Burglary Dwellings victims and January the lowest number.
- There were on average 263 victims of Burglary Non-dwellings per month. July to September quarter had the most Burglary Non-dwellings victims. August had the highest number of Burglary Non-dwelling victims and April the lowest number.



During 2008/09 in Tyne & Wear:

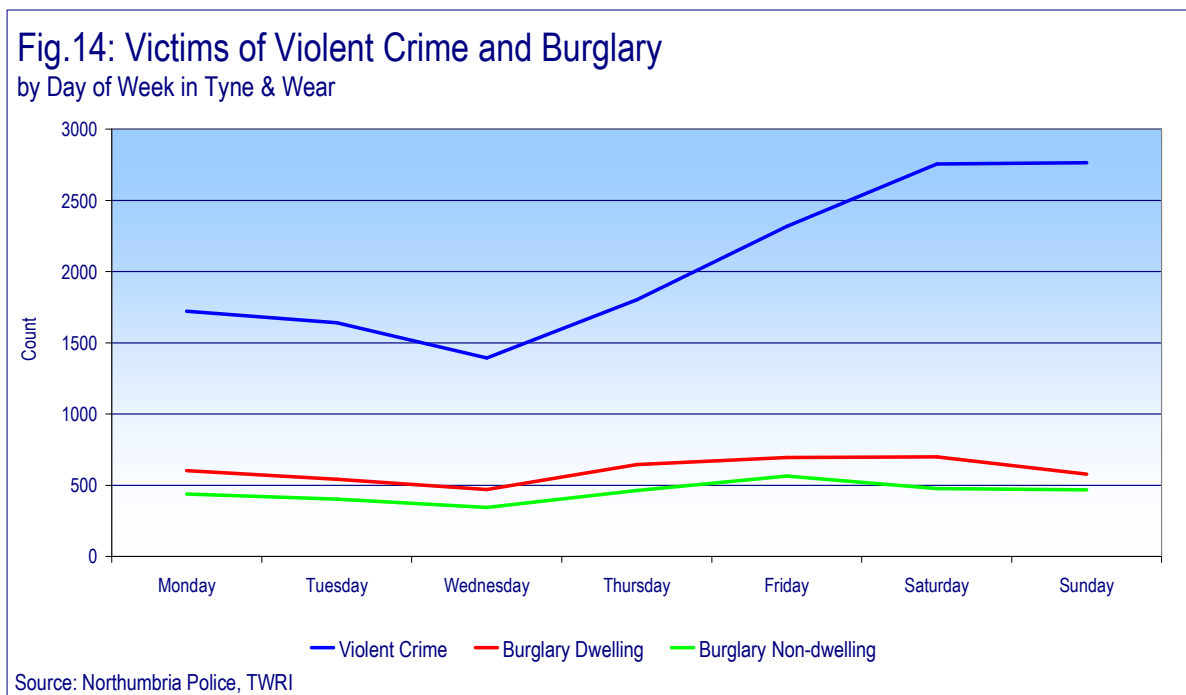
- There were on average 193 victims of Theft of Vehicle per month. The summer quarter of July to September had the most victims of Theft of Vehicles. October had the highest number of Theft of Vehicle victims and December the lowest.
- On average there were 473 victims of Theft from Vehicle per month. As for Theft of Vehicles, the summer quarter of July to September had the most Theft from Vehicles victims. July had the highest number of Theft from Vehicles victims and December the lowest.
- There were on average 903 Theft Other victims per month. April to June quarter had the most Theft Other victims. May had the highest number of Theft Other victims and January the lowest.

- There were on average 71 Fraud & Forgery victims per month. April to June quarter had the most Fraud & Forgery victims recorded. April had the highest number of Fraud & Forgery victims (82) whilst June had the lowest (59) number.
- There were on average 1,513 victims of Criminal Damage per month. The winter quarter of January to March had the most Criminal Damage victims. The number of Criminal Damage victims was highest in March and the lowest in June.



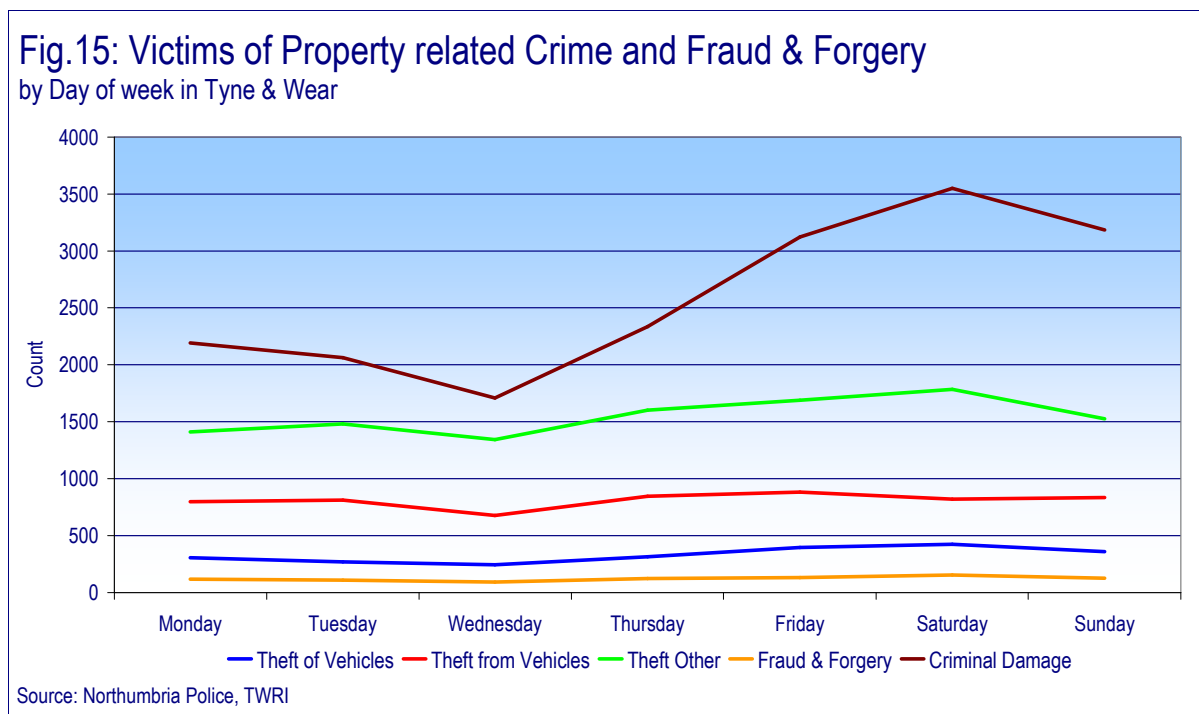
During 2008/09 in Tyne & Wear:

- There were on average 2,057 victims of Violent Crime per day of the week. Saturdays and Sundays saw the highest numbers, each accounting for one fifth. This could be due to the increased levels of alcohol-related crimes associated with weekend drinking. The least number of Violent Crime victims were recorded on Wednesdays (1,394).
- There were on average 604 victims of Burglary Dwelling and 450 of Burglary Non-dwelling per day of the week. Fridays and Saturdays saw the highest numbers of victims of Burglary (Dwelling and Non-dwelling). The lowest numbers of victims of Burglaries (Dwelling and Non-dwelling) were on Wednesdays.



During 2008/09 in Tyne & Wear:

- The likelihood of being a victim of Theft of or from Vehicles was fairly consistent across the week. There were on average 331 victims of Theft of Vehicles and 810 Theft from Vehicles per day of the week.
- On average there were 1,548 victims of Theft Other per day of the week. Fridays and Saturdays saw the highest numbers. The least number of Theft Other victims were on Wednesdays.
- The likelihood of being a victim of Fraud & Forgery was consistent across the week. There were on average 122 victims per day of the week.
- There were on average 2,594 victims of Criminal Damage per day of the week. Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays saw the highest numbers of victims of Criminal Damage, averaging 3,290 per day. The least number of Criminal Damage victims were on a Wednesday (1,709).

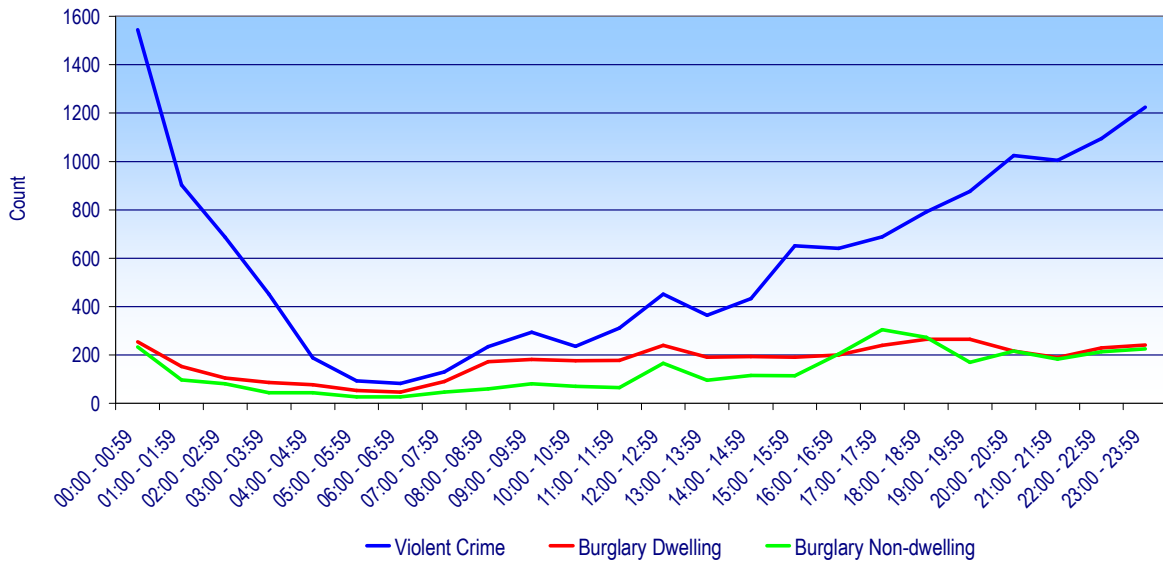


During 2008/09 in Tyne & Wear:

- There was a steady increase in the number of victims of violent crime from early morning (6-7am) to a peak between 12am and 1am. The number of victims between 8pm and 1am accounted for 40% of all violent crime victims. Between 1am and 6am the number of victims fell sharply.
- There were smaller peaks in the number of violent crime victims between 12-1pm and 3-4pm. Victims aged between 10 and 17 accounted for approximately 25% of all violent crime victims during these peaks, coinciding with school lunch breaks and school children going home from school.
- Those victims of Violent Crime aged 18-24 years were more likely to be a victim between 10pm-3am, than any other age group.
- The number of victims of Burglary Dwelling was fairly evenly split across the day. There were small peaks in the number of victims of Burglary Dwelling between 12- 1pm, 6-8pm and 11pm-1am.
- For those retired victims the peak time for Burglary Dwelling crimes was between 2-3pm and 7-8pm. For those in employment peaks occurred between 8-9am, 12-1pm and 6-8pm.
- The number of victims of Burglary Non-dwelling was fairly evenly split across the day, with small peaks between 12- 1pm and 5-6pm. This was followed by a relatively large dip between 7-8pm. There was a further peak between 11pm-1am, similar to that of Burglary Dwelling.

Fig. 16: Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary

by Hour of Day in Tyne & Wear



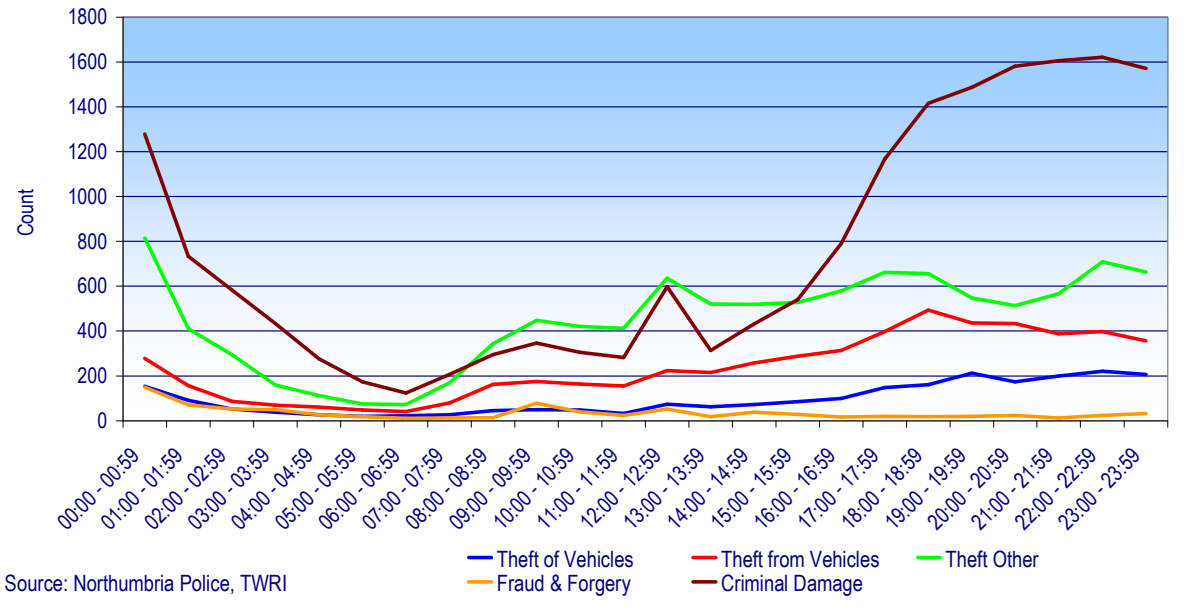
Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

During 2008/09 in Tyne & Wear:

- There was a steady increase in the number of victims of Vehicle Crime from early morning (6-7am) to a peak between 6-7pm for Theft from Vehicles and 7-8pm for Theft of Vehicles. This could perhaps be explained by workers parking vehicles in car parks or on streets, whilst at work or shopping. Those in employment experienced peaks between 8-10am and 6-8pm. The fall in the number of Vehicle Crimes during the evening and night could be due to vehicles being parked more securely in garages or on driveways.
- The number of victims of Theft Other crimes increased from early morning (6-7am) to peak at 12-1pm, 5-7pm and 10-11pm. These peaks coincide with traditional lunchtime hour and workers travelling home. The peak time period for victims of Theft Other aged 18-29 was between 10pm-12am.
- The number of victims of Fraud & Forgery was consistently spread across the day.
- The number of victims of Criminal Damage increased from early morning (6-7am) to peak at 12-1pm. This was then followed by a fall between 12-1pm. From 1pm to 11pm the number of Criminal Damage victims increased by over five times from 314 to 1,621.

Fig.17:Victims of Property related Crimes and Fraud & Forgery

by Hour of Day in Tyne & Wear



Appendix 1

Counts of Victims by Month, Day and Hour

Table 35: Counts of Victims in Tyne & Wear by Month of the Year, 2008/09

Month of the Year	Violence			Burglary								Other Offences
	Total	Against the Person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary Dwelling	Non-dwelling	Theft of Vehicles	Theft from Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage	
April	5,020	1,178	54	51	363	223	144	419	955	82	1,517	34
May	5,582	1,264	68	43	373	277	211	501	1,124	81	1,601	39
June	4,920	1,121	62	47	322	257	180	478	1,001	59	1,357	36
July	5,261	1,156	66	64	348	275	203	563	1,029	79	1,443	35
August	5,473	1,159	71	51	392	312	209	560	1,044	78	1,564	33
September	5,138	1,081	59	57	310	291	239	555	914	61	1,544	27
October	5,219	1,043	57	62	369	273	242	490	973	62	1,611	37
November	4,750	957	51	58	390	251	218	460	814	69	1,451	31
December	4,268	977	64	51	325	224	127	350	685	72	1,369	24
January	4,803	1,065	128	61	307	257	177	428	676	72	1,604	28
February	4,498	920	38	50	336	246	183	441	765	64	1,427	28
March	5,068	1,072	52	39	395	267	186	427	858	76	1,671	25
Total	60,000	12,993	770	634	4,230	3,153	2,319	5,672	10,838	855	18,159	377

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI.

Table 36: Count of Victims in Tyne & Wear by Day of the Week, 2008/09

Day of week	Violence			Burglary								Other Offences
	Total	Against the Person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary Dwelling	Non-dwelling	Theft of Vehicles	Theft from Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage	
Monday	7,647	1,540	96	85	601	439	307	799	1,411	119	2,192	58
Tuesday	7,359	1,449	101	91	541	401	271	812	1,483	110	2,063	37
Wednesday	6,323	1,219	97	78	471	344	246	678	1,343	93	1,709	45
Thursday	8,191	1,634	85	83	645	463	314	846	1,601	123	2,335	62
Friday	9,863	2,101	131	85	694	563	398	883	1,689	131	3,123	65
Saturday	10,722	2,497	151	108	699	476	424	820	1,785	153	3,551	58
Sunday	9,895	2,553	109	104	579	467	359	834	1,526	126	3,186	52
Total	60,000	12,993	770	634	4,230	3,153	2,319	5,672	10,838	855	18,159	377

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI.

Table 37: Count of Victims in Tyne & Wear by Hour of the Day, 2008/09

Hour of the Day	Violence			Burglary								Other Offences
	Total	Against the Person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary Dwelling	Non-dwelling	Theft of Vehicles	Theft from Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage	
00:00 - 00:59	4,733	1,225	273	47	255	233	153	278	815	150	1,278	26
01:00 - 01:59	2,625	847	24	32	153	97	90	157	411	71	733	10
02:00 - 02:59	1,949	629	33	25	105	81	52	86	295	53	583	7
03:00 - 03:59	1,339	416	23	13	86	44	38	69	159	50	433	8
04:00 - 04:59	813	170	9	9	77	44	26	60	112	26	277	3
05:00 - 05:59	509	87	2	4	53	27	20	48	75	18	173	2
06:00 - 06:59	425	71	6	5	46	26	22	41	72	11	123	2
07:00 - 07:59	765	112	14	3	90	46	27	79	170	12	206	6
08:00 - 08:59	1,334	217	10	8	173	60	45	162	343	14	295	7
09:00 - 09:59	1,665	250	32	12	182	81	50	175	448	78	346	11
10:00 - 10:59	1,482	216	8	12	176	71	48	163	421	40	305	22
11:00 - 11:59	1,468	286	14	11	177	65	33	155	413	24	282	8
12:00 - 12:59	2,466	404	27	20	239	166	74	224	637	53	597	25
13:00 - 13:59	1,798	329	17	18	190	95	63	215	521	19	314	17
14:00 - 14:59	2,083	385	18	30	193	115	73	258	520	38	432	21
15:00 - 15:59	2,442	603	24	24	190	114	85	288	527	29	541	17
16:00 - 16:59	2,870	581	27	33	200	204	99	313	579	17	790	27
17:00 - 17:59	3,646	623	26	39	240	305	148	398	662	20	1,168	17
18:00 - 18:59	4,099	726	28	37	265	273	161	493	657	18	1,416	25
19:00 - 19:59	4,039	810	20	47	265	169	212	436	548	20	1,487	25
20:00 - 20:59	4,203	921	36	67	216	216	173	433	514	24	1,581	22
21:00 - 21:59	4,167	925	33	46	189	183	199	388	566	13	1,606	19
22:00 - 22:59	4,537	1,013	24	57	229	213	221	397	710	24	1,621	28
23:00 - 23:59	4,543	1,147	42	35	241	225	207	356	663	33	1,572	22
Total	60,000	12,993	770	634	4,230	3,153	2,319	5,672	10,838	855	18,159	377

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI.

Appendix 2

Counts of Victims by Age Band and Gender

Table 38: Female Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary, where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Violence against the person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary dwelling	Burglary Non-dwelling
Under 10	74	28	1	0	0
10 - 17	782	272	18	5	4
18 - 24	1,558	153	39	356	68
25 - 29	848	60	20	254	77
30 - 39	1,319	68	25	414	280
40 - 49	960	57	38	439	297
50 - 59	331	17	25	256	186
60+	121	10	26	402	171
Not Known	80	0	2	7	1
All Ages	6,073	665	194	2,133	1,084

Source: Northumbria Police, IWR1

Note: 'Male' and 'female' victims may not sum the total number of victims, as in some cases the gender is not recorded.

Table 39: Male Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary, where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Violence against the person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary dwelling	Burglary Non-dwelling
Under 10	129	13	2	0	0
10 - 17	1,120	57	102	20	21
18 - 24	1,708	13	132	305	115
25 - 29	874	5	59	244	151
30 - 39	1,225	8	63	445	431
40 - 49	920	5	39	428	531
50 - 59	437	1	21	309	409
60+	155	1	20	314	380
Not Known	245	0	0	17	19
All Ages	6,813	103	438	2,082	2,057

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Note: 'Male' and 'female' victims may not sum the total number of victims, as in some cases the gender is not recorded.

Table 40: Female Victims of Property-related and Fraud & Forgery, where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Theft of Vehicles	Theft from Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
Under 10	0	0	5	0	0
10 - 17	3	4	242	4	38
18 - 24	96	353	1,220	32	1,366
25 - 29	85	288	619	17	1,170
30 - 39	152	416	1,026	49	2,190
40 - 49	125	382	904	51	2,078
50 - 59	80	232	550	33	1,091
60+	46	126	994	73	843
Not Known	4	8	22	5	45
All Ages	591	1,809	5,582	264	8,821

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Note: 'Male' and 'female' victims may not sum the total number of victims, as in some cases the gender is not recorded.

Table 41: Male Victims of Property-related Crimes and Fraud & Forgery, where the crime was committed in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Theft of Vehicles	Theft from Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
Under 10	0	1	25	0	0
10 - 17	61	11	544	1	36
18 - 24	284	593	812	30	1,095
25 - 29	220	508	554	46	920
30 - 39	393	955	934	177	2,042
40 - 49	390	860	951	171	2,312
50 - 59	225	543	658	105	1,489
60+	138	366	699	48	1,314
Not Known	13	22	40	6	81
All Ages	1,724	3,859	5,217	584	9,289

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Note: 'Male' and 'female' victims may not sum the total number of victims, as in some cases the gender is not recorded.

Table 42: Female Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary, where the home address was in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Violence against the person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary dwelling	Burglary Non-dwelling
Under 10	69	25	1	0	0
10 - 17	751	251	18	5	3
18 - 24	1,459	126	36	353	63
25 - 29	776	56	18	252	76
30 - 39	1,249	59	24	408	275
40 - 49	924	53	33	434	288
50 - 59	316	16	22	253	179
60+	117	10	25	399	167
Not Known	27	0	1	5	1
All Ages	5,688	596	178	2,109	1,052

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Note: 'Male' and 'female' victims may not sum the total number of victims, as in some cases the gender is not recorded.

Table 43: Male Victims of Violent Crime and Burglary, where the home address was in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Violence against the person	Sexual Offences	Robbery	Burglary dwelling	Burglary Non-dwelling
Under 10	125	12	2	0	0
10 - 17	1,082	51	96	20	20
18 - 24	1,548	10	118	299	110
25 - 29	759	5	58	243	139
30 - 39	1,062	6	62	437	407
40 - 49	822	5	33	411	509
50 - 59	406	1	19	300	395
60+	147	1	18	309	369
Not Known	32	0	0	15	14
All Ages	5,983	91	406	2,034	1,963

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Note: 'Male' and 'female' victims may not sum the total number of victims, as in some cases the gender is not recorded.

Table 44: Female Victims of Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery, where the home address was in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Theft of Vehicles	Theft from Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
Under 10	0	0	5	0	0
10 - 17	3	4	217	3	38
18 - 24	90	311	1,049	30	1,311
25 - 29	81	263	532	15	1,138
30 - 39	146	374	943	42	2,147
40 - 49	122	331	850	44	2,027
50 - 59	73	207	516	33	1,064
60+	45	116	942	68	836
Not Known	4	5	15	4	39
All Ages	564	1,611	5,069	239	8,600

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Note: 'Male' and 'female' victims may not sum the total number of victims, as in some cases the gender is not recorded.

Table 45: Male Victims of Property-related Crime and Fraud & Forgery, where the home address was in Tyne & Wear, by Age, 2008/09

Age Band	Theft of Vehicles	Theft from Vehicles	Theft Other	Fraud & Forgery	Criminal Damage
Under 10	0	1	25	0	0
10 - 17	60	10	527	1	35
18 - 24	259	508	728	28	1,037
25 - 29	207	445	499	44	881
30 - 39	365	801	858	163	1,961
40 - 49	351	727	871	156	2,218
50 - 59	208	455	618	92	1,438
60+	130	313	670	44	1,276
Not Known	11	14	30	5	66
All Ages	1,591	3,274	4,826	533	8,912

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI

Note: 'Male' and 'female' victims may not sum the total number of victims, as in some cases the gender is not recorded.