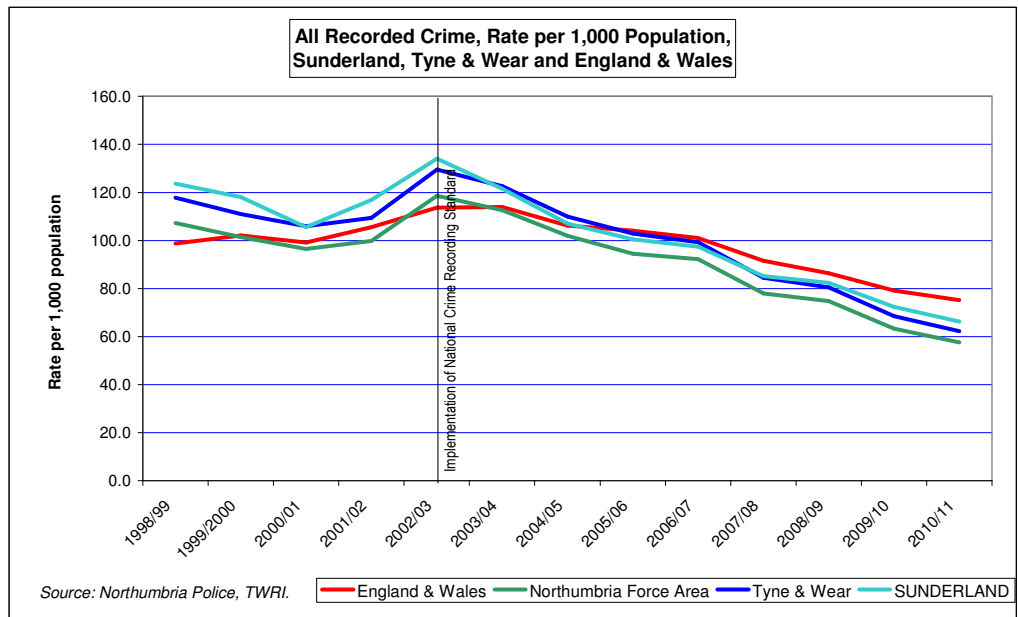


This bulletin provides a summary of recorded crime¹ in Sunderland from Q1 2010 to Q1 2011.

Police recorded crime figures for 2010/11 continue to show a downward trend, having fallen by 4.3% since the previous year in England & Wales.

Recorded Crime – Time Series

- In 2010/11 there were 18,801 crimes recorded in Sunderland. This was 1,592 (-7.8%) less than the previous year.
- Since 2002/03 (adoption of the NCRS²) the rate of total crime in Sunderland has fallen by 67.8 per 1,000 population to 66.3. In England & Wales a fall was also experienced, down by 38.5 per 1,000 population to 75.1.
- The total number of recorded crimes in Sunderland fell from 38,026 to 18,801 between 2002/03 and 2010/11 and in England & Wales from 5,974,960 to 4,150,097 over the same period.



Crimes by Type, Quarter April – June 2011

- The total number of recorded crimes in Sunderland in Q1 (April–June) 2011 was 4,379, 22.0% lower than in Q1 2009 and 12.7% lower than in Q1 2010.
- Between Q1 2009 and Q1 2011 the rate per 1,000 population (households Burglary-Dwelling) fell in nine crime types, stayed the same in three crime types, Sexual Offences, Robbery and Drug Offences.

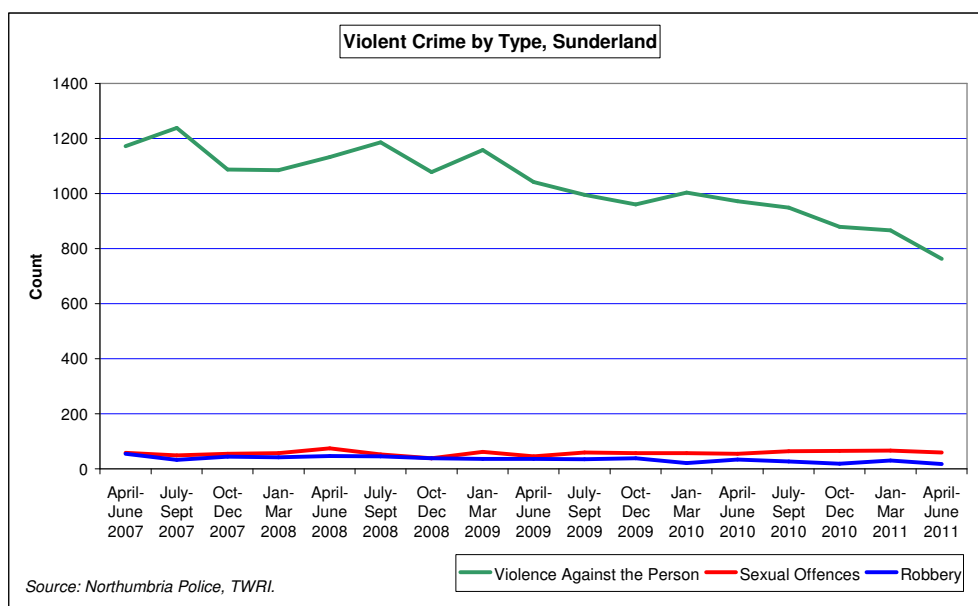
Rates per 1,000 population crime type, Sunderland (Quarter 1)			
	2009	2010	2011
Violence Against the Person	3.7	3.5	2.7
Sexual Offences	0.2	0.2	0.2
Robbery	0.1	0.1	0.1
Burglary - Dwelling *	2.1	2.4	1.7
Burglary - Non-dwelling	1.1	1.2	0.9
Theft of Vehicles	0.5	0.4	0.3
Theft from Vehicles	1.5	1.0	1.0
Theft Other	5.0	4.7	4.6
Fraud & Forgery	0.4	0.3	0.3
Criminal Damage	5.3	4.3	3.4
Drug Offences	0.9	0.9	0.9
Other Offences	0.4	0.3	0.2

* Rate per 1,000 households

Source: Northumbria Police, TWRI.

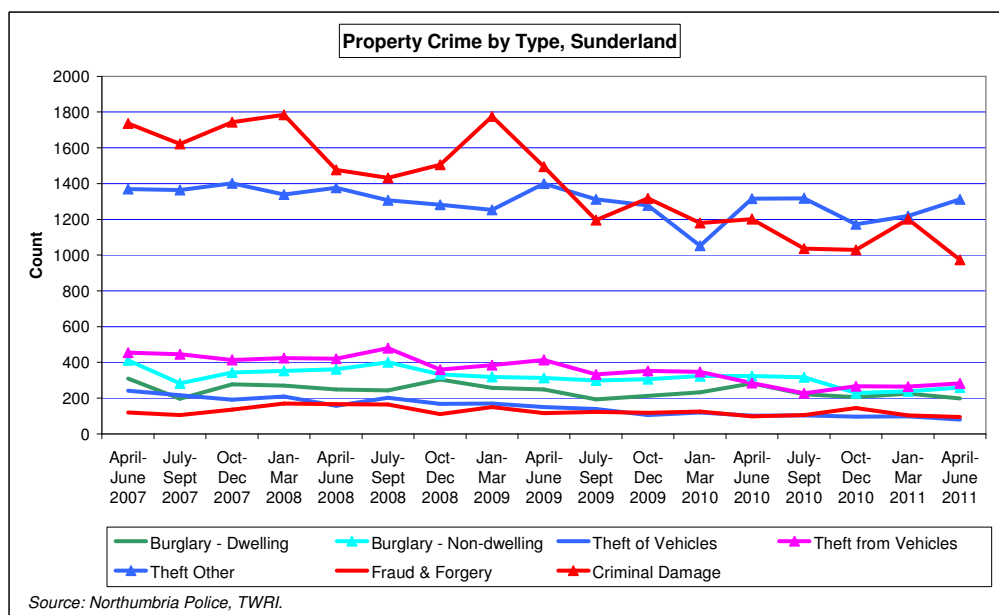
Violent Crime Q1 2010 – Q1 2011

- Violent crime comprises Violence Against the Person (VAP), Sexual Offences and Robbery. VAP covers the whole spectrum of assaults from pushing and shoving, with no physical harm, to murder.
- Comparing Q1 2010 with Q1 2011, VAP fell by 208 (-21.4%), Sexual Offences rose by 4 (+7.1%), whilst Robbery fell by 16 (-47.1%).



Property Crime Q1 2010 – Q1 2011

- Property crime covers the various ways that individuals, households or corporate bodies have their property damaged or are deprived of it by illegal means (or where there is intent to do so).
- Comparing Q1 2010 with Q1 2011, the largest fall in property crime types was for Criminal Damage, the largest percentage fall was for Burglary-Dwelling.



TWRI produce quarterly 'traffic-lights' that give an overview of the trend in different crime group (British Crime Survey categories) in Tyne & Wear and its constituent Districts. Available at www.twri.org.uk

¹ Figures quoted within this bulletin may not exactly match figures from other sources such as iQuanta. This is due to data extraction occurring at different times and also the impact of 'no-crimes' and 'statistically continuous' crimes.

² The National Crime Recording Standard (NCRS) was adopted by all police forces in England and Wales in April 2002 in an effort to improve the consistency of police recording and to better reflect the demands made on the police by victims of crime.